UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
 For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2025

or

□ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from_____ to _

Commission File Number: 001-38035

ProPetro Holding Corp.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) 26-3685382 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

303 W. Wall Street, Suite 102 Midland, Texas 79701 (Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

(432) 688-0012 (Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class Common Stock, par value \$0.001 per share Trading Symbol(s) PUMP Name of each exchange on which registered New York Stock Exchange

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes 🗵 No 🗆

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes 🗵 No 🗌

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company" and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer	\boxtimes	Accelerated filer	
Non-accelerated filer		Smaller reporting company	
		Emerging growth company	

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. \Box

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes 🛛 No 🗵

The number of the registrant's common shares, par value \$0.001 per share, outstanding at April 25, 2025, was 103,909,812.

PROPETRO HOLDING CORP.

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CAUTIONARY NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (this "Form 10-Q") contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"). All statements other than statements of historical facts contained in this Form 10-Q are forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are all statements other than statements of historical fact, and given our expectations or forecasts of future events as of the effective date of this Form 10-Q. Words such as "may," "could," "plan," "project," "budget," "predict," "target," "seek," "objective," "believe," "expect," "anticipate," "intend," "estimate," "will," "should," "continue" and similar expressions are generally used to identify forward-looking statements. These statements include, but are not limited to statements about our business strategy, industry, future profitability, future capital expenditures, fleet conversion strategy, new power generation business and share repurchase program. Such statements are subject to risks and uncertainties, many of which are difficult to predict and generally beyond our control, that could cause actual results to differ materially from those implied or projected by the forward-looking statements. Factors that could cause our actual results to differ materially from those contemplated by such forward-looking statements include:

- changes in general economic and geopolitical conditions, including as a result of regulatory changes by the current presidential administration, higher interest rates, the
 rate of inflation, a potential economic recession and potential changes in United States trade policy, including the imposition of tariffs and the resulting consequences;
- · central bank policy actions, bank failures and associated liquidity risks and other factors;
- the severity and duration of any world events and armed conflict, including the Russian-Ukraine war, conflicts in the Israel-Gaza region and continued hostilities in the Middle East, including rising tensions with Iran, and associated repercussions to supply and demand for oil and gas and the economy generally;
- the actions taken by the members of the Organization of the Petroleum Exporting Countries ("OPEC") and Russia (together with OPEC and other allied producing countries, "OPEC+") with respect to oil production levels and announcements of potential changes in such levels, including the ability of the OPEC+ countries to agree on and comply with supply limitations;
- governmental actions, such as executive orders or new regulations, including climate-related regulations, that may negatively impact the future production of oil and natural gas in the United States and may adversely affect our future operations;
- the level of production and resulting market prices for crude oil, natural gas and other hydrocarbons;
- the effects of existing and future laws and governmental regulations (or the interpretation thereof) on us, our suppliers and our customers;
- cost increases and supply chain constraints related to our services, including any delays and/or supply chain disruptions due to increased hostilities in the Middle East or increased tariffs;
- competitive conditions in our industry;
- our ability to attract and retain employees;
- · changes in the long-term supply of, and demand for, oil and natural gas;
- actions taken by our customers, suppliers, competitors and third-party operators and the possible loss of customers or work to our competitors;
- · technological changes, including lower emissions energy service equipment and similar advancements;
- changes in the availability and cost of capital;
- · our ability to successfully implement our business plan, including execution of potential mergers and acquisitions;
- large or multiple customer defaults, including defaults resulting from actual or potential insolvencies;
- the effects of consolidation on our customers or competitors;
- the price and availability of debt and equity financing (including higher interest rates) for us and our customers;
- our ability to complete growth projects on time and on budget;
- increases in tax rates or types of taxes enacted that specifically impact exploration and production ("E&P") and related operations resulting in changes in the amount of taxes owed by us;



- regulatory and related policy actions intended by federal, state and/or local governments to reduce fossil fuel use and associated carbon emissions, or to drive the
 substitution of renewable forms of energy for oil and gas, may over time reduce demand for oil and gas and therefore the demand for our services;
- new or expanded regulations that materially limit our customers' access to federal and state lands for oil and gas development, thereby reducing demand for our services in the affected areas;
- · growing demand for electric vehicles that result in reduced demand for gasoline and therefore the demand for our services;
- our ability to successfully implement technological developments and enhancements, including our new Tier IV Dynamic Gas Blending ("DGB") dual-fuel and FORCE[®] electric-powered hydraulic fracturing equipment, power generation equipment, and other lower-emissions equipment we may acquire or that may be sought by our customers;
- · our ability to successfully launch and grow our new power generation business;
- the development of alternative power generation technologies or increased grid capacity that could reduce the demand for our services;
- the projected timing, purchase price and number of shares purchased under our share repurchase program, the sources of funds under the share repurchase program and the impacts of the share repurchase program;
- operating hazards, natural disasters, weather-related delays, casualty losses and other matters beyond our control, such as fires, which risks may be self-insured, or may
 not be fully covered under our insurance programs;
- · exposure to cyber-security events which could cause operational disruptions or reputational harm;
- · acts of terrorism, war or political or civil unrest in the United States or elsewhere; and
- the effects of current and future litigation.

Whether actual results and developments will conform with our expectations and predictions contained in forward-looking statements is subject to a number of risks and uncertainties which could cause actual results to differ materially from such expectations and predictions, including, without limitation, in addition to those specified in the text surrounding such statements, the risks described under Part II, Item 1A, "Risk Factors" in this Form 10-Q and elsewhere throughout this report, the risks described under Part I, Item 1A, "Risk Factors" in our Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2024 (the "Form 10-K"), filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") and elsewhere throughout that report, and other risks, many of which are beyond our control.

Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on our forward-looking statements, which are made as of the date of this Form 10-Q. We do not undertake, and expressly disclaim, any duty to update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events, or otherwise, except as required by applicable securities laws. Investors are also advised to carefully review and consider the various risks and other disclosures discussed in our SEC reports, including the risk factors described in the Form 10-K.

PROPETRO HOLDING CORP. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (In thousands, except share data) (Unaudited)

		urch 31, 2025	December 31, 2024		
ASSETS					
CURRENT ASSETS:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	63,392	\$ 50,443		
Accounts receivable - net of allowance for credit losses of \$0 and \$0, respectively		240,710	195,994		
Inventories		13,338	16,162		
Prepaid expenses		16,329	17,719		
Short-term investment, net		8,032	7,849		
Other current assets		3,493	4,054		
Total current assets		345,294	292,221		
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT - net of accumulated depreciation		668,075	688,225		
OPERATING LEASE RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS		129,587	132,294		
FINANCE LEASE RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS		25,863	30,713		
OTHER NONCURRENT ASSETS:					
Goodwill		920	920		
Intangible assets - net of amortization		62,564	64,905		
Other noncurrent assets		13,896	14,367		
Total other noncurrent assets		77,380	80,192		
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	1,246,199	\$ 1,223,645		
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY					
CURRENT LIABILITIES:					
Accounts payable	\$		\$ 92,963		
Accrued and other current liabilities		62,770	70,923		
Operating lease liabilities		42,500	39,063		
Finance lease liabilities		19,664	19,317		
Total current liabilities		239,093	222,266		
DEFERRED INCOME TAXES		62,614	59,770		
LONG-TERM DEBT		45,000	45,000		
NONCURRENT OPERATING LEASE LIABILITIES		56,869	58,849		
NONCURRENT FINANCE LEASE LIABILITIES		8,134	13,187		
OTHER LONG-TERM LIABILITIES		8,000	8,300		
Total liabilities		419,710	407,372		
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Note 13)					
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY:					
Preferred stock, \$0.001 par value, 30,000,000 shares authorized, none issued, respectively			—		
Common stock, \$0.001 par value, 200,000,000 shares authorized, 103,784,239 and 102,994,958 shares issued, respectively		104	103		
Additional paid-in capital		885,608	884,995		
Accumulated deficit		(59,223)	(68,825)		
Total shareholders' equity		826,489	816,273		
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$	1,246,199	\$ 1,223,645		
TOTAL EIABILITIES AND SHAKEHOLDEKS EQUITI	Ψ	1,210,177	¢ 1,225,045		

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

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PROPETRO HOLDING CORP. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (In thousands, except per share data) (Unaudited)

	Th	Three Months Ended March 31,			
	2	025	2024		
REVENUE - Service revenue	\$	359,416 \$	405,843		
COSTS AND EXPENSES					
Cost of services (exclusive of depreciation and amortization)		263,856	288,641		
General and administrative expenses (inclusive of stock-based compensation)		27,632	28,226		
Depreciation and amortization		48,681	58,660		
Loss on disposal of assets		9,746	4		
Total costs and expenses		349,915	375,531		
OPERATING INCOME		9,501	30,312		
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE):					
Interest expense		(1,730)	(2,029)		
Other income, net		2,943	1,405		
Total other income (expense), net		1,213	(624)		
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES		10,714	29,688		
INCOME TAX EXPENSE		(1,112)	(9,758)		
NET INCOME	\$	9,602 \$	19,930		
NET INCOME PER COMMON SHARE:					
Basic	\$	0.09 \$	0.18		
Diluted	\$	0.09 \$	0.18		
WEIGHTED AVERAGE COMMON SHARES OUTSTANDING:					
Basic		103,319	108,540		
Diluted		105,118	108,989		
			,		

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

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PROPETRO HOLDING CORP. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (In thousands) (Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2025							
	Commo	n Stoc	:k					
	Shares		Amount	Ad	lditional Paid-In Capital	Ac	cumulated Deficit	 Total
BALANCE - January 1, 2025	102,995	\$	103	\$	884,995	\$	(68,825)	\$ 816,273
Stock-based compensation cost	_		_		3,337		_	3,337
Issuance of equity awards, net	789		1		(1)		—	
Tax withholdings paid for net settlement of equity awards	—				(2,723)			(2,723)
Share repurchases	—		_					—
Excise tax on share repurchases	—							_
Net income							9,602	 9,602
BALANCE - March 31, 2025	103,784	\$	104	\$	885,608	\$	(59,223)	\$ 826,489

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2024							
	Common	n Sto	ock					
	Shares		Amount	A	dditional Paid-In Capital	Retained Earnings		Total
BALANCE - January 1, 2024	109,483	\$	109	\$	929,249	\$ 69,034	\$	998,392
Stock-based compensation cost	—		—		3,742	—		3,742
Issuance of equity awards, net	376		1		(1)	—		_
Tax withholdings paid for net settlement of equity awards	—		—		(1,209)	_		(1,209)
Share repurchases	(2,968)		(3)		(22,505)	—		(22,508)
Excise tax on share repurchases	—		—		(193)	_		(193)
Net income			_		—	19,930		19,930
BALANCE - March 31, 2024	106,891	\$	107	\$	909,083	\$ 88,964	\$	998,154

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

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PROPETRO HOLDING CORP. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (In thousands) (Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended March 31,			
		2025	2024	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				
Net income	\$	9,602 \$	19,930	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation and amortization		48,681	58,660	
Deferred income tax expense		2,844	7,940	
Amortization of deferred debt issuance costs		111	108	
Stock-based compensation		3,337	3,742	
Loss on disposal of assets		9,746	4	
Unrealized (gain) loss on short-term investment		(183)	602	
Business acquisition contingent consideration adjustments		(300)	_	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:				
Accounts receivable		(44,716)	(36,697)	
Other current assets		411	430	
Inventories		2,824	(1,742)	
Prepaid expenses		1,390	1,530	
Accounts payable		23,456	21,191	
Accrued and other current liabilities		(2,514)	(876)	
Net cash provided by operating activities		54,689	74,822	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:				
Capital expenditures		(40,913)	(34,585)	
Proceeds from sale of assets		7,764	738	
Proceeds from note receivable from sale of business		313	_	
Net cash used in investing activities		(32,836)	(33,847)	
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		× <u>· · · ·</u>		
Payments of finance lease obligations		(4,705)	(4,154)	
Repayments of insurance financing		(1,476)	_	
Tax withholdings paid for net settlement of equity awards		(2,723)	(1,209)	
Share repurchases		_	(22,508)	
Net cash used in financing activities		(8,904)	(27,871)	
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		12,949	13,104	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - Beginning of period		50,443	33,354	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - End of period	\$	63,392 \$	46,458	
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF NON-CASH INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Capital expenditures included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	12,435 \$	26,859	

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

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Note 1 - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements of ProPetro Holding Corp. and its subsidiaries (the "Company," "we," "us" or "our") have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") for interim financial information and do not include all of the information and footnotes required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") for annual financial statements. Those adjustments (which consisted of normal recurring accruals) that are, in the opinion of management, necessary for a fair presentation of the results of the interim periods have been made. Results of operations for such interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results of operations for a full year due to changes in market conditions and other factors. The condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto for the year ended December 31, 2024, included in our Form 10-K filed with the SEC (our "Form 10-K").

Revenue Recognition

The Company's services are sold based upon contracts with customers. The Company recognizes revenue when it satisfies a performance obligation by transferring control over a product or service to a customer.

Hydraulic fracturing is an oil well completion technique, which is part of the overall well completion process. It is a well-stimulation technique intended to optimize hydrocarbon flow paths during the completion phase of shale wellbores. The process involves the injection of water, sand and chemicals under high pressure into shale formations. Our hydraulic fracturing contracts with our customers have one performance obligation, which is the contracted total stages, satisfied over time. We recognize revenue over time using a progress output, unit-of-work performed method, which is based on the agreed fixed transaction price and actual stages completed. We believe that recognizing revenue based on actual stages completed accurately depicts how our hydraulic fracturing services are transferred to our customers over time.

Acidizing, which is part of our hydraulic fracturing operating segment, involves a well-stimulation technique where acid or similar chemicals are injected under pressure into formations to form or expand fissures. Our acidizing contracts have one performance obligation, satisfied at a point-in-time, upon completion of the contracted service or sale of the acid or chemical when control is transferred to the customer. Jobs for these services are typically short term in nature, with most jobs completed in less than a day. We recognize acidizing revenue at a point-in-time, upon completion of the performance obligation.

Wet sand solutions, which is part of our hydraulic fracturing operating segment, involve providing onsite storage and handling of wet sand used in the completion phase of shale wellbores. We recognize revenue from the sale of wet sand, location services and transportation services over time using a progress output, unit-of-work performed method, which is based on the agreed fixed transaction price, fixed units per stage and actual stages completed.

Our cementing services use pressure pumping equipment to deliver a slurry of liquid cement that is pumped down a well between the casing and the borehole. Our cementing contracts have one performance obligation, satisfied at a point-in-time, upon completion of the contracted service when control is transferred to the customer. Jobs for these services are typically short term in nature, with most jobs completed in less than a day. We recognize cementing revenue at a point-in-time, upon completion of the performance obligation.

Wireline services (including pumpdown) are oil well completion techniques, which are part of the well completion process. Our wireline services utilize equipment with a drum of wireline to deploy perforating guns in the well to perforate the casing, cement, and formation. Once the well is perforated, the well can be fractured. Pumpdown utilizes pressure pumping equipment to pump water into the well to deploy perforating guns attached to wireline through the lateral section of a well. Our wireline contracts with our customers have one performance obligation, which is the contracted total stages, satisfied over time. We recognize revenue over time using a progress output, unit-of-work performed method, which is based on the agreed fixed transaction price and actual stages completed. We believe that recognizing revenue based on actual stages completed accurately depicts how our wireline services are transferred to our customers over time. In addition, certain of our wireline equipment is entitled to daily equipment charges while the equipment is on the customer's locations. The Company recognizes revenue related to daily equipment charges on a daily basis as the performance obligations are met.

The transaction price for each performance obligation for all our completion services is fixed per our contracts with our customers.

The Company assesses customers' ability and intention to pay, which is based on a variety of factors including historical payment experience and financial condition. Payment terms and conditions vary by contract type, although terms generally include a requirement of payment within 30 to 60 days.

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are stated at the amount billed and billable to customers. At March 31, 2025, December 31, 2024, March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, amounts billed to customers (net of allowance for credit losses) included as part of our accounts receivable was \$193.4 million, \$181.6 million, \$210.8 million and \$164.0 million, respectively. At March 31, 2025, December 31, 2024, March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, accrued revenue (unbilled receivable) included as part of our accounts receivable wa\$47.3 million, \$47.2 million, \$63.1 million and \$55.4 million, respectively. At March 31, 2025, the transaction price allocated to the remaining performance obligation for our partially completed hydraulic fracturing and wireline operations was \$22.8 million, which is expected to be completed and recognized as revenue within one month following the current period balance sheet date. At December 31, 2024, the transaction price allocated to the remaining performance obligation for our then partially completed hydraulic fracturing and wireline operations was \$38.7 million, which was recorded as part of revenues during the three months ended March 31, 2023, the transaction price allocated to the remaining performance obligation for our then partially completed hydraulic fracturing and wireline operations was \$33.8 million, which was recorded as part of revenues during the three months ended March 31, 2025. At December 31, 2023, the transaction price allocated to the remaining performance obligation for our then partially completed hydraulic fracturing and wireline operations was \$33.8 million, which was recorded as part of revenues during the three months ended March 31, 2024.

Allowance for Credit Losses

As of March 31, 2025, the Company had no allowance for credit losses. Our allowance for credit losses is based on the evaluation of both our historic collection experience and the economic outlook for the oil and gas industry. We evaluated the historic loss experience on our accounts receivable and also separately considered customers with receivable balances that may be negatively impacted by current or future economic developments and market conditions. While the Company has not experienced significant credit losses in the past and has not yet seen material adverse changes to the payment patterns of its customers, the Company cannot predict with any certainty the degree to which the impacts of depressed economic activities, including the potential impact of periodically adjusted borrowing base limits, level of hedged production, or unforeseen well shut-downs may affect the ability of its customers to timely pay receivables when due. Accordingly, in future periods, the Company may revise its estimates of expected credit losses.

The table below shows a summary of allowance for credit losses:

(in thousands)

	Three Mon		
	2025	2024	
Balance - January 1,	\$	- \$	236
Provision for credit losses during the period		_	—
Write-off during the period		—	—
Balance - March 31,	\$	_ \$	236

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Contract Assets and Liabilities

We do not have any significant contract asset balances other than amounts billed to customers and accrued revenue discussed in the Accounts Receivable section above. Contract liabilities include cash advances from a customer in connection with our contract with the customer to provide FORCE® electric-powered hydraulic fracturing equipment and services. These cash advances from the customer will be credited towards the customer's invoice as our revenue performance obligations are met over the contract period. The cash advances received represent contract liabilities in connection with the performance of certain completion services. The cash advance (contract liability) balances, which are included in accrued and other current liabilities in our condensed consolidated balance sheets, were \$9.3 million, \$11.8 million, \$15.9 million and \$19.2 million as of March 31, 2025, December 31, 2024, March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2021, respectively. During the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, we recognized revenue of \$1.7 million and \$1.7 million, respectively, from the cash advance amount outstanding at the beginning of the period.

Change in Accounting Estimates

The Company plans to phase out its Tier II diesel-only hydraulic fracturing pumping units and associated conventional assets ("Tier II Units") earlier than the original weighted average remaining useful life of this asset group in response to decreasing customer demand for and related pricing pressures on this asset group. Accordingly we shortened the remaining useful lives of those Tier II Units that currently have useful lives beyond 2027 to no longer than the end of 2027 to align with management's use and expected economic life. This change was made effective October 1, 2024. The net effect of this change for three months ended March 31, 2025, was a \$ 8 million decrease in net income, or \$0.02 per basic and diluted share, respectively.

Reclassification of Prior Period Presentation

Certain reclassifications have been made to prior period segment information to conform to the current period presentation. These reclassifications had no effect on our balance sheet, operating and net income (loss) or cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities. The write-offs of remaining book value of prematurely failed power ends and other components are recorded as depreciation in 2025. In order to conform to current period presentation, we have reclassified the corresponding amount of \$.5 million from loss on disposal of assets to depreciation for the three months ended March 31, 2024.

Depreciation and Amortization

Depreciation and amortization comprised the following:

(in thousands)

	Three Months Ended March 31,			
		2025		2024
Depreciation and amortization related to cost of services	\$	46,304	\$	57,228
Depreciation and amortization related to general and administrative expenses		2,377		1,432
Total depreciation and amortization	\$	48,681	\$	58,660

Income Taxes

Total income tax expense was \$1.1 million resulting in an effective tax rate of 10.4% for the three months ended March 31, 2025, as compared to income tax expense of \$9.8 million or an effective tax rate of 32.9% for the three months ended March 31, 2024. The change in effective tax rate for the three months ended March 31, 2025, compared to the three months ended March 31, 2024, is primarily attributable to the difference in the impact of nondeductible expenses, state taxes and valuation allowances on the pre-tax loss for 2025, as compared to 2024.



Note 2 - Recently Issued Accounting Standards

In October 2023, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") No. 2023-06, Disclosure Improvements: Codification Amendments in Response to the SEC's Disclosure Update and Simplification Initiative. This ASU incorporates certain SEC disclosure requirements into the FASB Accounting Standards Codification ("Codification" or "ASC"). The amendments in the ASU represent changes to clarify or improve disclosure and presentation requirements of a variety of Codification topics, allow users to more easily compare entities subject to the SEC's existing disclosures with those entities that were not previously subject to the requirements, and align the requirements in the Codification with the SEC's regulations. ASU 2023-06 will become effective for each amendment on the effective date of the SEC's corresponding disclosure rule changes. We do not expect ASU No. 2023-06 to have a material impact on our condensed consolidated financial statements.

In November 2023, the FASB issued ASU No. 2023-07, Segment Reporting (Topic 280): Improvements to Reportable Segment Disclosures, which requires public business entities to disclose on an annual and interim basis, 1) significant segment expenses that are regularly provided to the Chief Operating Decision Maker (the "CODM") and included within each reported measure of segment profit or loss (collectively referred to as the "significant expense principle") and 2) an amount for other segment items representing the difference between segment revenue less the segment expenses disclosed under the significant expense principle and each reported measure of segment profit or loss. This ASU also requires public entities to provide all annual disclosures about a reportable segment's profit or loss and assets currently required by Topic 280 in interim periods, clarifies that if the CODM uses more than one measure of a segment's profit or loss in assessing segment performance and deciding how to allocate resources, a public entity may report one or more of those additional measures of segment profit or loss but at least one of the reported segment profit or loss measures (or the single reported measure, if only one is disclosed) should be the measure that is most consistent with the measurement principles under GAAP. This ASU also requires disclosure of the title and position of the CODM and an explanation of how the CODM uses the reported measure(s) of segment profit or loss in assessing segment performance and deciding how to allocate resources, and requires a public entity that has a single reportable segment to provide all the disclosures required by the amendments in this ASU and all existing segment disclosures in Topic 280. This ASU is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023, and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2024. We adopted this ASU 2023-07 for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024, as required under this standard. See Note 7. Reportable Segment Information.

In December 2023, the FASB issued ASU No. 2023-09, Income Taxes (Topic 740): Improvements to Income Tax Disclosures, which requires disaggregation of certain components included in the Company's effective tax rate and income taxes paid disclosures. The guidance is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2024. We are currently assessing the impact of ASU No. 2023-09 on our condensed consolidated financial statements but do not expect it will have a material impact.

In November 2024, the FASB issued ASU No. 2024-03, Income Statement: Reporting Comprehensive Income: Expense Disaggregation Disclosures (Subtopic 220-40), which requires public business entities to disclose, in the notes to financial statements, additional information about specific expense categories in the notes to financial statements at interim and annual reporting periods. In January 2025, the FASB issued ASU No. 2025-01, Clarifying the Effective Date, which revised the effective date of ASU No. 2024-03 for interim periods. The guidance is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2026, and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2027. We are currently assessing the impact of ASU 2024-03 and ASU 2025-01 on our condensed consolidated financial statements.

Note 3 - AquaProp Acquisition

On May 31, 2024, the Company completed the acquisition of all of the outstanding equity interests in Aqua Prop, LLC ("AquaProp"). AquaProp is an energy service company based in Midland, Texas that provides wet sand solutions for hydraulic fracturing sand requirements at oil well sites. As a result of the acquisition, the Company expanded its operations into the wet sand service business unit.

The following table summarizes the consideration transferred to AquaProp at the acquisition date:

Note 3 - AquaProp Acquisition (Continued)

(in thousands)	
Fair value of purchase consideration:	
Cash	\$ 21,216
Deferred cash consideration	3,664
Contingent consideration	10,900
Total consideration	\$ 35,780

Cash consideration includes \$13.7 million paid to the seller, \$7.2 million paid to settle the seller's outstanding debt, and \$0.3 million paid for the seller's transaction expenses.

Included in the deferred cash consideration is a liability incurred to the seller of \$1.8 million. In the purchase agreement as a post-closing transaction, AquaProp's seller agreed to purchase and then sell to the Company, and the Company agreed to purchase from the seller, two additional equipment spreads within 90 days of the closing at a purchase price equal to cost plus a 50% premium. The post-closing transaction was determined to be a transaction separate from the business combination, but the premium was determined to represent consideration transferred in the business combination as the above market terms of the arrangement would not have been agreed upon absent the business combination. Accordingly, the liability incurred to the seller was recognized as consideration in the business combination as cash was not paid at closing. The post-closing transaction for the Company's purchase of the additional equipment occurred in July 2024 and the purchases were accounted for as additions to property and equipment in our condensed consolidated balance sheet and capital expenditures in our condensed consolidated statement of cash flows.

Also in the purchase agreement as an additional post-closing transaction, the seller agreed to purchase and then deliver to the Company up to five more additional equipment spreads at the request of the Company within a 30-month period following the delivery of the first additional spread at a purchase price equal to the lower of \$4.8 million or cost. The additional post-closing transaction was determined to be a transaction separate from the business combination, and no portion of the transaction was determined to represent consideration transferred in the business combination as the terms were at market. The additional post-closing transaction for the Company's purchase of the additional equipment will be accounted for as additions to property and equipment in our condensed consolidated balance sheet and capital expenditures in our condensed consolidated statement of cash flows.

The acquisition of AquaProp also included a contingent consideration arrangement that requires additional consideration to be paid by the Company to the seller based on the amount of wet sand delivered during a 30-month period following the delivery of the first additional spread, attributable to the five additional equipment spreads described above. Amounts are payable under the earnout arrangement if the Company reaches certain delivery thresholds (in tons) of wet sand using the specific equipment provided by the seller or by other parties. As of March 31, 2025, the delivery of the first additional spread has not yet occurred. The range of the undiscounted amounts the Company could be obligated to pay under the contingent consideration agreement is between \$0 and \$12.5 million. The fair value of the contingent consideration for the business combination recognized at the acquisition date of \$10.9 million was estimated by applying the probability-weighted expected return method for the different scenarios that may occur based on the amount of additional equipment delivered by the seller, at the request of the Company, and the amount of wet sand expected to be delivered by such equipment. The fair value measurement of the contingent consideration is based on significant inputs not observable in the market, and thus represent Level 3 measurements. The contingent consideration payable was \$8.0 million at March 31, 2025, resulting in a \$0.3 million decrease from December 31, 2024. The decrease in the estimated fair value of the contingent consideration payable was \$8.0 million at March 31, 2025, resulting in a \$0.3 million decrease from December 31, 2024. The decrease in the estimated fair value of the contingent consideration payable was primarily driven by updated projections regarding the probability of different scenarios and the amount and timing of additional equipment to be delivered by the seller under those scenarios. The decrease in the estimated consideration payable is included in general and administra



Note 3 - AquaProp Acquisition (Continued)

The following table summarizes the recognized preliminary amounts of identified assets, and liabilities assumed at the acquisition date:

(in thousands)	
Recognized amounts of assets acquired and liabilities assumed:	
Cash	\$ 178
Accounts receivable	10,551
Property and equipment	13,468
Intangible assets:	
Trade name ⁽¹⁾	1,300
Customer relationships ⁽²⁾	18,600
Favorable contracts ⁽³⁾	2,210
Accounts payable	(1,423)
Factored receivables	(10,024)
Total net assets acquired	34,860
Goodwill	920
Total consideration	\$ 35,780

(1) Definite-lived intangible asset with an amortization period of fifteen years.

(2) Definite-lived intangible asset with an amortization period of six years

(3) Definite-lived intangible asset consisting of \$0.3 million with an amortization period of thirty months and \$1.9 million with an amortization period of five years.

The goodwill is attributable to the acquired workforce and significant synergies. Goodwill is assigned 100% to the hydraulic fracturing operating segment of the Company. The goodwill recognized is deductible for income tax purposes.

Note 4 - Fair Value Measurements

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability (i.e., the "exit price") in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

In determining fair value, the Company uses various valuation approaches and establishes a hierarchy for inputs used in measuring fair value that maximizes the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs by requiring that the most observable inputs be used, when available. Observable inputs are inputs that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability developed based on market data obtained from sources independent of the Company. Unobservable inputs are inputs that reflect the Company's assumptions about the assumptions other market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability developed based on the best information available in the circumstances. The hierarchy is broken down into three levels based on the observability of inputs as follows:

Level 1 — Valuations based on quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Company has the ability to access. Valuation adjustments and block discounts are not applied to Level 1 instruments. Since valuations are based on quoted prices that are readily and regularly available in an active market, valuation of these instruments does not entail a significant degree of judgment.

Level 2 — Valuations based on one or more quoted prices in markets that are not active or for which all significant inputs are observable, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 — Valuations based on inputs that are unobservable and significant to the overall fair value measurement.

A financial instrument's categorization within the valuation hierarchy is based upon the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The Company's assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment and considers factors specific to the asset or liability.



Note 4 - Fair Value Measurements (Continued)

Assets and Liabilities Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis

The fair values of cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash, accounts receivable, accounts payable, accrued and other current liabilities, and long-term debt are estimated to be approximately equivalent to carrying amounts as of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 and have been excluded from the table below.

Assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis are set forth below:

(in thousands)

			ents						
	Balance		Quote activ Balance (L		Significant other observable inputs (Level 2)		Significant other unobservable inputs (Level 3)		Total gains (losses)
March 31, 2025:									
Short-term investment	\$	8,032	\$	8,032	\$ _	\$		\$	183
Business acquisition contingent consideration payable	\$	8,000	\$	_	\$ _	\$	8,000	\$	300
December 31, 2024:									
Short-term investment	\$	7,849	\$	7,849	\$ —	\$	—	\$	105
Business acquisition contingent consideration payable	\$	8,300	\$		\$ _	\$	8,300	\$	2,600

Short-term investment— On September 1, 2022, the Company received 2.6 million common shares of STEP Energy Services Ltd. ("STEP") with an estimated fair value of \$11.8 million as part of the consideration for the sale of our coiled tubing assets to STEP. The shares were treated as an investment in equity securities measured at fair value using Level 1 inputs based on observable prices on the Toronto Stock Exchange and are shown under current assets in our condensed consolidated balance sheets. As of March 31, 2025, the fair value of the short-term investment was estimated at \$0.0 million. The fluctuation in stock price resulted in an unrealized gain of \$0.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2025. The fluctuation in stock price resulted in an unrealized loss of \$0.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2024. Included in the unrealized loss for the three months ended March 31, 2024 was a loss of \$0.2 million resulting from non-cash foreign currency translation are included in other income (expense) in our condensed consolidated statements of operations. The Company is restricted from selling, transferring or assigning more than 0.9 million shares in any one calendar month.

Business acquisition contingent consideration payable— On May 31, 2024, the Company completed the acquisition of all of the outstanding equity interests in AquaProp in exchange for \$13.7 million of cash, \$3.7 million of deferred cash consideration payable to AquaProp's seller by May 31, 2025, the payoff of \$7.2 million of assumed debt, the payment of \$0.3 million of certain transaction costs and estimated contingent consideration of \$10.9 million. The contingent consideration payable was measured at fair value using Level 3 inputs based on the probability-weighted expected return method and is shown under other long-term liabilities in our condensed consolidated balance sheets. The fair value of the contingent consideration payable is remeasured at the end of each reporting period using the probability-weighted expected return method. As of March 31, 2025, the estimated fair value of the contingent consideration payable was \$8.0 million resulting in a \$0.3 million decrease from December 31, 2024. The decrease in the estimated fair value of the contingent consideration payable was primarily driven by updated projections regarding the probability of different scenarios and the amount and timing of additional equipment to be delivered by the seller under those scenarios. Increases or decreases in any valuation inputs in isolation may result in a significantly lower or higher fair value measurement in the future.

The following table presents a reconciliation of the beginning and ending balances of the fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3):

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Note 4 - Fair Value Measurements (Continued)

(in thousands)	March	n 31, 2025 De	December 31, 2024				
Business acquisition contingent consideration payable - opening balance	\$	8,300 \$	_				
Addition		—	10,900				
Decrease in estimated fair value ⁽¹⁾		(300)	(2,600)				
Business acquisition contingent consideration payable - closing balance	\$	8,000 \$	8,300				

(1) The decrease in the estimated fair value of the business acquisition contingent consideration payable is included in general and administrative expenses in our condensed consolidated statements of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2025 and the year ended December 31, 2024.

Assets Measured at Fair Value on a Nonrecurring Basis

Certain assets and liabilities are measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis. These items are not measured at fair value on an ongoing basis but may be subject to fair value adjustments in certain circumstances. These assets and liabilities include those recognized in the AquaProp Acquisition, which are required to be measured at fair value on the acquisition date according to the FASB ASC Topic 805, *Business Combinations*.

Whenever events or circumstances indicate that the carrying value of long-lived assets may not be recoverable, the Company reviews the carrying values of long-lived assets, such as property and equipment and other assets to determine if they are recoverable. If any long-lived assets are determined to be unrecoverable, an impairment expense is recorded in the period. No impairment of property and equipment was recorded during the three months ended March 31, 2025 and2024.

There were no additions to goodwill during the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024. The hydraulic fracturing operating segment (which is also considered a reporting unit) is the only segment with goodwill at March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024. There were no goodwill impairment losses during the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively. We conducted our annual impairment test of goodwill in accordance with ASC 350, *Intangibles—Goodwill and Other*, as of December 31, 2024 and determined that the goodwill in our wireline operating segment and reporting unit with a carrying value of \$23.6 million was fully impaired.

There were no assets or liabilities subject to nonrecurring fair value measurements during the three months endecMarch 31, 2025 or 2024.

Note 5 - Intangible Assets

Intangible assets consist of customer relationships, trademark/trade names, and favorable contracts. Trademark/trade names are amortized on a straight-line basis over useful lives of ten and fifteen years. Customer relationships are amortized on a straight-line basis over useful lives of six and ten years. Favorable contracts are amortized on a straight-line basis over useful lives of thirty months and five years. Internally developed software will be amortized on a straight-line basis over a useful life oftwenty-nine months. Amortization expense included in net income for the three months ended March 31, 2025 was \$2.4 million. Amortization expense included in net income for the three months ended March 31, 2025 was \$1.4 million. The Company's intangible assets subject to amortization consisted of the following:

(in thousands)

	March 31, 2025	December 31, 2024
Intangible assets acquired:		
Trademark/trade names	\$ 12,100	\$ 12,100
Customer relationships	65,100	65,100
Favorable contracts	2,210	2,210
Internally developed software	81	60
Total intangible assets acquired	79,491	79,470
Accumulated amortization:		
Trademark/trade name	(2,682)	(2,390)
Customer relationships	(13,821)	(11,883)
Favorable contracts	(417)	(292)
Internally developed software	(7)	
Total accumulated amortization	(16,927)	(14,565)
Intangible assets — net	\$ 62,564	\$ 64,905

Estimated remaining amortization expense for each of the subsequent fiscal years is expected to be as follows:

(in thousands)	
Year	Estimated future amortization expense
2025	\$ 7,088
2026	9,441
2027	9,315
2028	9,301
2029 and beyond	27,419
Total	\$ 62,564

The average amortization period for our remaining intangible assets is approximately7.0 years.

Note 6 - Long-Term Debt

Asset-Based Loan Credit Facility

Our revolving credit facility, as amended and restated in April 2022, prior to giving effect to the amendment to the revolving credit facility in June 2023, had a total borrowing capacity of \$150.0 million. The revolving credit facility had a borrowing base of 85% to 90%, depending on the credit ratings of our accounts receivable counterparties, of monthly eligible accounts receivable less customary reserves. The revolving credit facility included a springing fixed charge coverage ratio to apply when excess availability was less than the greater of (i) 10% of the lesser of the facility size or the borrowing base or (ii) \$10.0 million. Under the revolving credit facility we were required to comply, subject to certain exceptions and materiality qualifiers, with certain customary affirmative and negative covenants, including, but not limited to, covenants pertaining to our ability to incur liens, indebtedness, changes in the nature of our business, mergers and other fundamental changes, disposal of assets, investments and restricted payments, amendments to our organizational documents or accounting policies, prepayments of certain debt, dividends, transactions with affiliates, and certain other activities.

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Note 6 - Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Effective June 2, 2023, the Company entered into an amendment to its amended and restated revolving credit facility. The amendment increased the borrowing capacity under the revolving credit facility to \$225.0 million (subject to the Borrowing Base (as defined below) limit), and extended the maturity date to June 2, 2028.

Effective June 26, 2024, the Company entered into an amendment to its amended and restated revolving credit facility (the revolving credit facility, as amended and restated in April 2022, as amended in June 2023, as amended in June 2024 and as may be amended further, "ABL Credit Facility"). The amendment increased the amount of non-cash consideration that may be considered cash pursuant to certain permitted dispositions. The ABL Credit Facility has a borrowing base of the sum of 85% to 90% of monthly eligible accounts receivable and 80% of eligible unbilled accounts (up to a maximum of 25% of the borrowing base), in each case, depending on the credit ratings of our accounts receivable counterparties, less customary reserves (the "Borrowing Base"), as redetermined monthly. The Borrowing Base as of March 31, 2025, was approximately \$187.5 million. The ABL Credit Facility includes a springing fixed charge coverage ratio to apply when excess availability is less than the greater of (i)10% of the lesser of the facility size or the Borrowing Base or (ii) \$15.0 million. Under the ABL Credit Facility we are required to comply, subject to certain exceptions and materiality qualifiers, with certain customary affirmative and negative covenants, including, but not limited to, covenants pertaining to our ability to incur liens or indebtedness, changes in the nature of our business, mergers and other fundamental changes, disposal of assets, investments and restricted payments, amendments to our organizational documents or accounting policies, prepayments of certain debt, dividends, transactions with affiliates, and certain other activities. Borrowings under the ABL Credit Facility are secured by a first priority lien and security interest in substantially all assets of the Company.

Borrowings under the ABL Credit Facility accrue interest based on a three-tier pricing grid tied to availability, and we may elect for loans to be based oneither the Secured Overnight Financing Rate ("SOFR") or the base rate, plus the applicable margin, which ranges from 1.75% to 2.25% for SOFR loans and 0.75% to 1.25% for base rate loans. For the three months ended March 31, 2025, the weighted average interest rate on our outstanding borrowings under the ABL Credit Facilitywas 6.58%.

The loan origination costs relating to the ABL Credit Facility are classified as an asset in the condensed consolidated balance sheets. As of March 31, 2025 andDecember 31, 2024, we had borrowings outstanding under our ABL Credit Facility of \$45.0 million and \$45.0 million, respectively. After borrowings outstanding and letters of credit of approximately \$8.6 million under the ABL Credit Facility, we had approximately \$134.0 million available for borrowing under our ABL Credit Facility as of March 31, 2025.

Note 7 - Reportable Segment Information

The Company currently has four operating segments for which discrete financial information is readily available: hydraulic fracturing (inclusive of acidizing and wet sand solutions), wireline, cementing and power generation services which had not begun any revenue-generating activities through March 31, 2025. These operating segments represent how the CODM evaluates performance and allocates resources. Our CODM is a group comprised of our Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Chief Operating Officer and Chief Commercial Officer.

Our Hydraulic Fracturing, Wireline and Cementing operating segments meet the criteria of a reportable segment. Prior to the fourth quarter of fiscal year 2024, our cementing segment did not meet the quantitative thresholds for a reportable segment and was shown in the "All Other" category. Effective as of the fourth quarter of 2024, cementing is shown as a reportable segment since it meets the criteria of a reportable segment per ASC 280—*Segment Reporting*. Our power generation services segment does not meet the reportable segment criteria and is included within the "All Other" category. Additionally, our corporate administrative activities do not involve business activities from which it may earn revenues and its results are not regularly reviewed by the Company's CODM when making key operating and resource decisions. As a result, corporate administrative expenses and intersegment revenue have been included under "Reconciling Items." Prior period segment information has been revised to conform to our current presentation.

The Company manages and assesses the performance of the reportable segment by its adjusted EBITDA (earnings before interest expense, income taxes, depreciation and amortization, stock-based compensation expense, other income or expense, gain or loss on disposal of assets and other unusual or nonrecurring expenses or income such as impairment charges, retention bonuses, severance, costs related to asset acquisitions, insurance recoveries, one-time professional fees and legal settlements).



Note 7 - Reportable Segment Information (Continued)

The following tables set forth certain financial information with respect to the Company's reportable segments intersegment revenues and cost of services are shown under "Reconciling Items" (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2025										
		Hydraulic Fracturing		Wireline		Cementing		All Other	Reconciling Items		Total
Service revenue	\$	269,399	\$	53,442	\$	36,633	\$	—	\$ (58)	\$	359,416
Cost of service - labor	\$	54,940	\$	14,015	\$	8,034	\$	_	\$ _	\$	76,989
Cost of service - expendables	\$	44,154	\$	16,210	\$	16,465	\$	_	\$ (58)	\$	76,771
Cost of service - other direct costs	\$	97,159	\$	10,069	\$	2,868	\$	_	\$ _	\$	110,096
General and administrative expenses excluding nonrecurring and non cash items for reportable											
segments	\$	4,806	\$	2,675	\$	1,200	\$	710	\$ 	\$	9,391
Adjusted EBITDA for reportable segments	\$	68,340	\$	10,473	\$	8,066	\$	(710)	\$ _	\$	86,169
Depreciation and amortization	\$	41,301	\$	5,427	\$	1,930	\$	—	\$ 23	\$	48,681
Capital expenditures incurred	\$	16,338	\$	2,184	\$	1,831	\$	18,300	\$ 	\$	38,653
Goodwill March 31, 2025	\$	920	\$	_	\$		\$	_	\$ _	\$	920
Total assets March 31, 2025	\$	955,862	\$	157,147	\$	69,735	\$	23,281	\$ 40,174	\$	1,246,199

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2024											
		lydraulic racturing		Wireline		Cementing		All Other]	Reconciling Items		Total
Service revenue	\$	309,300	\$	60,805	\$	35,738	\$	_	\$	_	\$	405,843
Cost of service - labor	\$	60,931	\$	14,836	\$	9,124	\$	_	\$	_	\$	84,891
Cost of service - expendables	\$	46,362	\$	16,167	\$	16,319	\$	_	\$	—	\$	78,848
Cost of service - other direct costs	\$	110,731	\$	10,149	\$	4,022	\$	_	\$	_	\$	124,902
General and administrative expenses excluding nonrecurring and non cash items for reportable segments	\$	5,157	\$	2,867	\$	1,412	\$	_	\$	_	\$	9,436
Adjusted EBITDA for reportable segments	\$	86,119	\$	16,786	\$	4,861	\$	_	\$	_	\$	107,766
Depreciation and amortization ⁽¹⁾	\$	51,442	\$	4,915	\$	2,278	\$	—	\$	25	\$	58,660
Capital expenditures incurred	\$	35,988	\$	2,386	\$	1,466	\$	_	\$	_	\$	39,840
Goodwill December 31, 2024	\$	920	\$	—	\$		\$	_	\$	_	\$	920
Total assets at December 31, 2024	\$	961,485	\$	156,349	\$	73,935	\$		\$	31,876	\$	1,223,645

(1) The write-offs of remaining book value of prematurely failed power ends and other components are recorded as depreciation in 2025. In order to conform to current period presentation, we have reclassified the corresponding amount of \$6.5 million from loss on disposal of assets to depreciation for the three months ended March 31, 2024.



Note 7 - Reportable Segment Information (Continued)

A reconciliation from reportable segment level financial information to the condensed consolidated statement of operations is provided in the table below (in thousands):

	 Three Months I	Ended I	ded March 31,	
	2025		2024	
Service Revenue				
Hydraulic Fracturing	\$ 269,399	\$	309,300	
Wireline	53,442		60,805	
Cementing	36,633		35,738	
All Other	 _			
Total service revenue for reportable segments	359,474		405,843	
Elimination of intersegment service revenue	 (58)		_	
Total consolidated service revenue	\$ 359,416	\$	405,843	
Cost of Services				
Hydraulic Fracturing - labor	\$ 54,940	\$	60,931	
Hydraulic Fracturing - expendables	44,154		46,362	
Hydraulic Fracturing - other direct costs	97,159		110,731	
Wireline - labor	14,015		14,836	
Wireline - expendables	16,210		16,167	
Wireline - other direct costs	10,069		10,149	
Cementing - labor	8,034		9,124	
Cementing - expendables	16,465		16,319	
Cementing - other direct costs	2,868		4,022	
All Other - labor				
All Other - expendables	—		—	
All Other - other direct costs	 			
Total cost of services for reportable segments	263,914		288,641	
Elimination of intersegment cost of services	 (58)		_	
Total consolidated cost of services	\$ 263,856	\$	288,641	
General and Administrative Expenses				
Hydraulic Fracturing	\$ 4,806	\$	5,157	
Wireline	2,675		2,867	
Cementing	1,200		1,412	
All Other	 710			
Total general and administrative expenses excluding nonrecurring and noncash items for reportable segments	9,391		9,430	
Unallocated corporate administrative expenses	13,483		14,371	
Stock-based compensation	3,337		3,742	
Business acquisition contingent consideration adjustments	(300)		_	
Other general and administrative expense	6		59	
Retention bonus and severance expense	 1,715		618	
Total consolidated general and administrative expenses	\$ 27,632	\$	28,226	

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Note 7 - Reportable Segment Information (Continued)

	Three Months Ended March 31,				
		2025		2024	
Adjusted EBITDA					
Hydraulic Fracturing	\$	68,340	\$	86,119	
Wireline		10,473		16,786	
Cementing		8,066		4,861	
All Other		(710)		—	
Total Adjusted EBITDA for reportable segments		86,169		107,766	
Unallocated corporate administrative expenses		(13,483)		(14,371)	
Depreciation and amortization ⁽¹⁾		(48,681)		(58,660)	
Interest expense		(1,730)		(2,029)	
Income tax expense		(1,112)		(9,758)	
Loss on disposal of assets (1)		(9,746)		(4)	
Stock-based compensation		(3,337)		(3,742)	
Business acquisition contingent consideration adjustments		300		_	
Other income, net ⁽²⁾		2,943		1,405	
Other general and administrative expense, net		(6)		(59)	
Retention bonus and severance expense		(1,715)		(618)	
Net income	\$	9,602	\$	19,930	

	Mar	ch 31, 2025	December 31, 2024		
Assets					
Hydraulic Fracturing	\$	955,862	\$ 961,485		
Wireline		157,147	156,349		
Cementing		69,735	73,935		
All Other		23,281	—		
Total assets for reportable segments		1,206,025	 1,191,769		
Unallocated corporate assets		40,174	31,876		
Total assets	\$	1,246,199	\$ 1,223,645		

(1) The write-offs of remaining book value of prematurely failed power ends and other components are recorded as depreciation in 2025. In order to conform to current period presentation, we have reclassified the corresponding amount of \$6.5 million from loss on disposal of assets to depreciation for the three months ended March 31, 2024.

(2) Other income for the three months ended March 31, 2025 is primarily comprised of true-up of workers' compensation and general liability insurance premiums of \$ 1.0 million as a result of an audit, tax refunds (net of advisory fees) totaling \$0.4 million, interest income from note receivable from sale of business of \$0.3 million, a \$0.2 million unrealized gain on short-term investment and \$ 1.0 million of other income. Other income for the three months ended March 31, 2024 is primarily comprised of insurance reimbursements of \$2.0 million, partially offset by a \$0.6 million unrealized loss on short-term investment.

Note 8 - Net Income Per Share

Basic net income per common share is computed by dividing the net income relevant to the common stockholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted net income per common share uses the same net income divided by the sum of the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the period, plus dilutive effects of options, performance share units ("PSUs") and restricted stock units ("RSUs") outstanding during the period calculated using the treasury method and the potential dilutive effects of preferred stocks (if any) calculated using the if-converted method.

The table below shows the calculations for the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024 (in thousands, except for per share data):

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Note 8 - Net Income Per Share (Continued)

	Three Mor	Three Months Ended March 31,				
	2025		2024			
Numerator (both basic and diluted)						
Net income relevant to common stockholders	<u>\$</u> 9,	502 \$	19,930			
Denominator						
Denominator for basic income per share	103,	19	108,540			
Dilutive effect of stock options			—			
Dilutive effect of performance share units	:	64	—			
Dilutive effect of restricted stock units	1,	235	449			
Denominator for diluted income per share	105,	18	108,989			
Basic income per common share	\$ 0	.09 \$	0.18			
Diluted income per common share	\$ 0	.09 \$	0.18			

As shown in the table below, the following stock options, RSUs and PSUs have not been included in the calculation of diluted income per common share for the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024 because they will be anti-dilutive to the calculation of diluted net income per common share:

(in thousands)	Three Months E	nded March 31,
	2025	2024
Stock options	171	179
Restricted stock units	—	628
Performance share units	167	669
Total	338	1,476

Note 9 - Share Repurchase Program

On April 24, 2024, the Company's board of directors (the "Board") approved an increase and extension to the share repurchase program previously authorized on May 17, 2023. The program permits the repurchase of up to an additional \$100 million of the Company's common stock for a total of \$200 million and extends the expiration date by one year to May 31, 2025. The shares may be repurchased from time to time in open market transactions, block trades, accelerated share repurchases, privately negotiated transactions, derivative transactions or otherwise, certain of which may be made pursuant to a trading plan meeting the requirements of Rule 10b5-1 under the Exchange Act, in compliance with applicable state and federal securities laws. The timing, as well as the number and value of shares repurchased under the program, will be determined by the Company's common stock, general market and economic conditions, available liquidity, compliance with the Company's debt and other agreements, applicable legal requirements, and other considerations. The Company is not obligated to purchase any shares under the repurchase program, and the program may be suspended, modified, or discontinued at any time without prior notice. The Company expects to fund the repurchases using cash on hand and expected free cash flow to be generated through May 2025. The 1% U.S. federal excise tax on certain repurchases of stock by publicly traded U.S. corporations applies to our share repurchase program.

All shares of common stock repurchased under the share repurchase program are canceled and retired upon repurchase. The Company accounts for the purchase price of repurchased shares of common stock in excess of par value (\$0.001 per share of common stock) as a reduction of additional-paid-in capital, and will continue to do so until additional paid-in-capital is reduced to zero. Thereafter, any excess purchase price will be recorded as a reduction of retained earnings. During the three months ended March 31, 2025, the Company made no share repurchases under the share repurchase program. The Company has

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Note 9 - Share Repurchase Program (Continued)

accrued \$0.5 million in respect of the share repurchase excise tax as of March 31, 2025. As of March 31, 2025, \$9.2 million remained authorized for future repurchases of common stock under the share repurchase program.

Note 10 - Stock-Based Compensation

Stock Options

There were no new stock option grants during the three months ended March 31, 2025. As of March 31, 2025, here was no aggregate intrinsic value for our outstanding or exercisable stock options because the closing stock price as of March 31, 2025 was below the cost to exercise these options. No stock options were exercised during the three months ended March 31, 2025. The weighted average remaining contractual term for the outstanding and exercisable stock options as of March 31, 2025 was approximately 2.0 years.

A summary of the stock option activity for the three months ended March 31, 2025 is presented below (in thousands, except for weighted average price):

	Number of Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Outstanding at January 1, 2025	179	\$ 14.00
Granted	—	\$ —
Exercised	—	\$ —
Forfeited	_	\$ _
Expired	(12)	\$ 14.00
Outstanding at March 31, 2025	167	\$ 14.00
Exercisable at March 31, 2025	167	\$ 14.00

Restricted Stock Units

On May 11, 2023, the Company's stockholders approved the Amended and Restated ProPetro Holding Corp. 2020 Long Term Incentive Plan (the "A&R 2020 Incentive Plan"), which had been previously approved by the Board and replaced the ProPetro Holding Corp. 2020 Long Term Incentive Plan.

During the three months ended March 31, 2025, we granted 1,314,846 RSUs to employees, officers and directors pursuant to the A&R 2020 Incentive Plan, which generally vest ratably over a three-year vesting period in the case of awards to employees and officers, and generally vest in full afterone year, in the case of awards to directors. RSUs are subject to restrictions on transfer and are generally subject to a risk of forfeiture if the award recipient ceases to be an employee or director of the Company prior to vesting of the award. Each RSU represents the right to receive one share of common stock. The grant date fair value of the RSUs is based on the closing share price of our common stock on the date of grant. As of March 31, 2025, the total unrecognized compensation expense for all RSUs was approximately \$21.7 million, and is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of approximately 1.9 years.



Note 10 - Stock-Based Compensation (Continued)

The following table summarizes RSUs activity during the three months ended March 31, 2025 (in thousands, except for fair value):

	Number of Shares	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value
Outstanding at January 1, 2025	3,001	\$ 8.54
Granted	1,315	\$ 7.52
Vested	(888)	\$ 8.76
Forfeited	(113)	\$ 7.91
Canceled	—	\$ —
Outstanding at March 31, 2025	3,315	\$ 8.10

Performance Share Units

During the three months ended March 31, 2025, we granted536,774 PSUs to certain key employees and officers as new awards under the A&R 2020 Incentive Plan. Each PSU earned represents the right to receive either one share of common stock or, as determined by the A&R 2020 Incentive Plan administrator in its sole discretion, a cash amount equal to fair market value of one share of common stock or amount of cash on the day immediately preceding the settlement date. The actual number of shares of common stock that may be issued under the PSUs ranges from 0% up to a maximum of 200% of the target number of PSUs granted to the participant, based on our total shareholder return ("TSR") relative to a designated peer group, generally at the end of a three year period. In addition to the TSR conditions, vesting of the PSUs is generally subject to the recipient's continued employment through the end of the applicable performance period. Compensation expense is recorded ratably over the corresponding requisite service period. The grant date fair value of PSUs is determined using a Monte Carlo simulation. Grant recipients do not have any shareholder rights until performance relative to the performance period and shares have been issued.

The following table summarizes information about PSUs activity during the three months ended March 31, 2025 (in thousands, except for weighted average fair value):

Period Granted	Target Shares Outstanding at January 1, 2025	Target Shares Granted	Target Shares Vested	Target Shares Forfeited	Target Shares Outstanding at March 31, 2025
2022	301	_	(220)	(81)	—
2023	431	_	—	(61)	370
2024	633	—	—	(101)	532
2025	_	537	—	—	537
Total	1,365	537	(220)	(243)	1,439
Weighted Average Fair Value Per Share	\$ 12.77	\$ 9.87	\$ 19.99	\$ 13.71	\$ 10.42

The total stock-based compensation expense for the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024 for all stock awards was \$3.3 million and \$3.7 million, respectively, and the associated tax benefit related thereto was \$0.7 million and \$0.8 million, respectively. The total unrecognized stock-based compensation expense as of March 31, 2025 was approximately \$30.9 million, and is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of approximately 1.9 years.

Note 11 - Related-Party Transactions

Operations and Maintenance Yards

The Company rents three yards from an entity in which a director of the Company has an equity interest, and the total annual rent expense for each of the three yards was approximately \$0.03 million, \$0.1 million and \$0.1 million, respectively.



Note 11 - Related-Party Transactions (Continued)

ExxonMobil and Pioneer

On December 31, 2018, we consummated the purchase of certain pressure pumping assets and real property from Pioneer Natural Resources USA, Inc. ("Pioneer") and Pioneer Pumping Services (the "Pioneer Pressure Pumping Acquisition"). In connection with the Pioneer Pressure Pumping Acquisition, Pioneer received 16.6 million shares of our common stock and approximately \$110.0 million in cash. In May 2024, Pioneer merged with and into a wholly owned subsidiary of Exxon Mobil Corporation ("ExxonMobil") after which ExxonMobil became the owner of these shares. The Company currently provides pressure pumping, wireline and other services to ExxonMobil and previously provided such services to Pioneer.

On April 22, 2024, we entered into a sub-agreement for Hydraulic Fracturing Services with XTO Energy Inc. ("XTO"), a wholly owned subsidiary of ExxonMobil, where we will provide hydraulic fracturing, wireline and pumpdown services with two committed FORCE[®] electric-powered hydraulic fracturing fleets with the option to add a third FORCE[®] fleet (also with wireline and pumpdown services) for a period of three years or for contracted hours, whichever occurs last with respect to each fleet, subject to certain termination and release rights.

Revenue from services provided to ExxonMobil (including Pioneer and XTO) subsequent to Pioneer's merger with ExxonMobil accounted for \$3.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2025. Revenue from services provided to Pioneer prior to its merger with ExxonMobil accounted for approximately \$4.9 million of our total revenue during the three months ended March 31, 2024.

As of March 31, 2025, the total accounts receivable due from ExxonMobil (including Pioneer and XTO), including estimated unbilled receivables for services we provided, amounted to approximately \$49.4 million and the amount due to ExxonMobil (including Pioneer and XTO) was \$0. As of December 31, 2024, the total accounts receivable due from ExxonMobil (including Pioneer and XTO), including estimated unbilled receivables for services we provided, amounted to \$70.8 million and the amount due to ExxonMobil (including Pioneer and XTO) was \$0.

Big 4 and Former Employee

On November 1, 2024, we sold our cementing business located in Vernal, Utah, to Big 4 Services LLC ("Big 4") which is solely owned by a former employee as part of a strategic repositioning. We received a promissory note for \$13.0 million as consideration. The note receivable is secured by substantially all assets of Big 4 and the former employee's ownership interests in and distributions from Big 4. The note receivable is to be paid to the Company in quarterly installments with interest of 10% per annum from March 31, 2025 to December 31, 2029. The note receivable is considered subordinated financial support to Big 4 and represents a variable interest to the Company in Big 4. See Note 14. Variable Interest Entity for the carrying value of the note receivable as of March 31, 2025. We recorded interest income of \$0.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2025 which is included in our condensed consolidated statement of operations under other income (expense). Cash inflows from collections on the note receivable are included in our condensed consolidated statement of cash flows from investing activities. The former employee was part of our cementing operations until November 1, 2024, and is no longer affiliated with the Company.

Note 12 - Leases

Operating Leases

Description of Leases

We have operating leases for five FORCE[®] electric-powered hydraulic fracturing equipment fleets (the "Electric Fleet Leases"), facilities and office space. The terms and conditions of these leases vary by the type of the underlying asset. We did not account for land separately from buildings under our leases of facilities because we concluded that the accounting effect was insignificant. Our operating leases do not include residual value guarantees, covenants or financial restrictions. Further, our operating leases do not contain variability in payments resulting from either an index change or rate change. We assumed two leases for facilities as part of our acquisition of Silvertip Completion Services Operating, LLC on November 1, 2022. Our operating leases have remaining lease terms of approximately 0.5 years to 3.7 years as of March 31, 2025. Our operating leases have renewal options ranging from none to three renewal options of up to one year each at the end of their current contractual lease periods. Further, our Electric Fleet Leases have options to purchase the underlying equipment at the end of their initial term of approximately three years or at the end of each renewal period. However, in management's judgment the exercise of neither the renewal options nor the purchase options are reasonably assured for any lease. In addition to fixed rent payments, the Electric Fleet Leases contain variable payments based on equipment usage. The right-of-use assets and liabilities related to



Note 12 - Leases (Continued)

the Electric Fleet Leases are included in our Hydraulic Fracturing reportable segment, related to leases for facilities are included in our Hydraulic Fracturing and Wireline reportable segments, and related to office space are included in our Wireline reportable segment and our corporate administrative function.

Our total operating lease right-of-use assets were as follows:

(in thousands)	Mar	ch 31, 2025	December 31, 2024
Operating lease right-of-use assets - cost	\$	193,437 \$	182,130
Operating lease right-of-use assets - accumulated amortization		(63,850)	(49,836)
Operating lease right-of-use assets - net	\$	129,587 \$	132,294

Finance Leases

Description of Lease

We have a three-year equipment lease contract (the "Power Equipment Lease") for certain power generation equipment. In addition to the contractual lease period, the contract includes an optional renewal for one year, and in management's judgment the exercise of the renewal option is not reasonably assured. The contract does not include a residual value guarantee, covenants or financial restrictions. Further, the Power Equipment Lease does not contain variability in payments resulting from either an index change or rate change. The right-of-use assets and liabilities under this contract are included in our Hydraulic Fracturing reportable segment.

We accounted for the Power Equipment Lease as a finance lease. This conclusion resulted from the existence of the right to control the use of the assets throughout the lease term, the present value of lease payments being equal to or in excess of substantially all of the fair value of the underlying assets and the lease term being the major part of the remaining economic life of the underlying assets.

Our total finance lease right-of-use assets were as follows:

(in thousands)	Mar	ch 31, 2025	December :	31, 2024
Finance lease right-of-use assets - cost	\$	54,842	\$	54,842
Finance lease right-of-use assets - accumulated amortization		(28,979)		(24,129)
Finance lease right-of-use assets - net	\$	25,863	\$	30,713

Lease Costs

The components of lease costs are as follows:

	Three Month	s Ended March 31,
(in thousands)	2025	2024
Operating lease cost	\$ 15,73	1 \$ 9,036
Finance lease cost:		
Amortization of right-of-use assets	4,84	4,526
Interest on lease liabilities	52	4 814
Total finance lease cost	5,37	5,340
Variable lease cost	90	4 627
Short-term lease cost	23	7 199

Short-Term Leases

We elected the practical expedient option, consistent with ASC 842, to exclude leases with an initial term of twelve months or less ("short-term lease") from our balance sheet and continue to record short-term leases as a period expense.

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Note 12 - Leases (Continued)

Initial Direct Costs

We elected to analogize to the measurement guidance of ASC 360 to capitalize costs incurred to place a leased asset into its intended use and to present such capitalized costs as part of the related lease right-of-use asset cost as initial direct costs. The Company incurred initial direct costs of approximately \$0 and \$6.1 million during the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively, to place the leased equipment into its intended use, which are included in the right-of-use assets cost related to our Electric Fleet Leases.

Supplemental Cash Flow Information

Supplemental cash flow information related to leases are as follows:

	Three Months Ended March 31,									
(in thousands)		2025		2024						
Cash paid for amounts included in the measurements of lease liabilities:										
Operating cash flows from operating leases	\$	11,567	\$	6,287						
Operating cash flows from finance lease		524		814						
Financing cash flows from finance lease		4,705		4,154						
Noncash lease obligations arising from obtaining right-of-use assets related to:										
Operating leases ⁽¹⁾		11,307		32,402						
Finance lease		_								

(1) During the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, we recorded noncash operating lease obligations a rising from obtaining right-of-use assets related to the receipt of equipment under the Electric Fleet Leases.

Lease Terms and Discount Rates

Lease terms and discount rates are as follows:

	March 31, 2025	December 31, 2024
Weighted average remaining lease term:		
Operating leases	2.3 years	2.4 years
Finance leases	1.4 years	1.6 years
Weighted average discount rate:		
Operating leases	6.8 %	7.0 %
Finance leases	7.3 %	7.3 %

The discount rates used for our operating and finance leases are determined based on the weighted average annual interest rate on our ABL Credit Facility effective at the time of inception or modification of each lease.



Note 12 - Leases (Continued)

Maturity Analysis of Lease Liabilities

The maturity analysis of liabilities and reconciliation to undiscounted and discounted remaining future lease payments for our leases as of March 31, 2025 are as follows:

(in thousands)	Opera	ating Leases	Finance Leases			
2025	\$	36,028	\$	15,687		
2026		47,309		13,462		
2027		21,431				
2028		2,936		_		
2029		_				
Total undiscounted future lease payments		107,704		29,149		
Less: amount representing interest		(8,335)		(1,351)		
Present value of future lease payments (lease obligation)	\$	99,369	\$	27,798		

Note 13 - Commitments and Contingencies

Commitments

We entered into certain commitments for fixed assets, consumables and services incidental to the ordinary conduct of our business, generally for quantities required for our operations and at competitive market prices. These commitments are designed to assure sources of supply and are not expected to be in excess of normal requirements. We entered into a contractual arrangement with an equipment manufacturer to purchase mobile natural gas-fueled power generation equipment, including turbine generator sets along with auxiliary equipment, for our PROPWR business line, with a total remaining commitment (after our initial down payment) of \$03.7 million, which will be financed. We currently expect to receive this equipment beginning at the end of the second quarter of 2025 through early 2026. We entered into contractual arrangements with other equipment manufacturers to purchase additional natural gas-fueled power generation equipment for our PROPWR business line, with other equipment for our PROPWR business line and of the second quarter of 2025 through early 2026. We entered into contractual arrangements with other equipment beginning in the second quarter of 2025 through the second quarter of 2026. The power generation equipment from these contractual arrangements represent total capacity of approximately 220 megawatts.

We entered into the Electric Fleet Leases, which contain options to extend the leases or purchase the equipment at the end of each lease or at the end of each subsequent renewal period. As of March 31, 2025, all five of the Electric Fleet Leases commenced when the Company took possession of all equipment associated with its firstfour FORCE[®] electric-powered hydraulic fracturing fleets and some of the equipment associated with its fifth fleet under these leases. Lease payments pertaining to the remaining equipment associated with the fifth Electric Fleet Lease are expected to commence when the Company takes possession of the remaining associated equipment. We currently expect to receive majority of the remaining equipment associated with the fifth fleet in the first half of 2025. The total estimated contractual commitment in connection with the Electric Fleet Lease secluding the cost associated with the option to purchase the equipment at the end of each lease is approximately \$112.8 million. We also entered into the Power Equipment Lease. The total estimated contractual commitment in connection with the Power Equipment Lease is approximately \$29.1 million.

The Company enters into purchase agreements with its sand suppliers (the "Sand Suppliers") to secure supply of sand as part of its normal course of business. The agreements with the Sand Suppliers require that the Company purchase a minimum volume of sand, based primarily on a certain percentage of our sand requirements from our customers or in certain situations based on predetermined fixed minimum volumes, otherwise certain penalties (shortfall fees) may be charged. The shortfall fee represents liquidated damages and is either a fixed percentage of the purchase price for the minimum volumes or a fixed price per ton of unpurchased volumes. Our agreements with the Sand Suppliers expire on December 31, 2025. Our sand agreement with one of our Sand Suppliers has a remaining take-or-pay commitment of \$0.4 million. During the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, no shortfall fee was recorded.

As of March 31, 2025, the Company had issued letters of credit of approximately \$8.6 million under the ABL Credit Facility in connection with the Company's casualty insurance policy. Such letters of credit reduce the amount available to borrow under the ABL Credit Facility.



Note 13 - Commitments and Contingencies (Continued)

Contingent Liabilities

Legal Matters

We have been named in various claims, lawsuits or threatened actions in the ordinary course of our business. We intend to defend these matters vigorously; however, litigation is inherently unpredictable, and the ultimate outcome or effect of any claim, lawsuit or action cannot be predicted with certainty. As a result, there can be no assurance as to the ultimate outcome of any litigation matter. Any claims against us, whether meritorious or not, could cause us to incur significant costs and expenses and require significant amounts of management and operational time and resources. With respect to each matter or exposure, we have made an assessment, in accordance with GAAP, of the probability that the resolution of the matter would ultimately result in a loss. When we determine that an unfavorable resolution of a matter is probable and such amount of loss can be estimated, we record a liability at the time that both of these criteria are met. Our management believes that we have recorded adequate accruals for any liabilities that may reasonably be expected to result from these matters. In the opinion of our management, no pending or known threatened claims, actions or proceedings against us are expected to have a material adverse effect on our consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

Environmental and Equipment Insurance

The Company is subject to various federal, state and local environmental laws and regulations that establish standards and requirements for protection of the environment. The Company cannot predict the future impact of such standards and requirements, which are subject to change and can have retroactive effectiveness. The Company continues to monitor the status of these laws and regulations. Currently, the Company has not been fined, cited or notified of any environmental violations that would have a material adverse effect upon its financial position, liquidity or capital resources. However, management does recognize that by the very nature of the Company's business, material costs could be incurred in the near term to maintain compliance. The amount of such future expenditures is not determinable due to several factors, including the unknown magnitude of possible regulation or liabilities, the unknown timing and extent of the corrective actions which may be required, the determination of the Company's liability in proportion to other responsible parties and the extent to which such expenditures are recoverable from insurance or indemnification.

The Company is self-insured up to \$10 million per occurrence for certain losses arising from or attributable to fire and/or explosion at the wellsites that do not have qualified fire suppression measures. No accrual was recorded in our financial statements in connection with this self-insurance strategy because the occurrence of fire and/or explosion cannot be reasonably estimated.

Regulatory Audits

In 2020, the Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts (the "Comptroller") commenced a routine audit of the Company's motor vehicle and other related fuel taxes for the periods of July 2015 through December 2020. As of March 31, 2025, the audit was substantially complete and the Company accrued for an estimated settlement expense of \$6.0 million.

In May 2022, the Company received a notification from the Comptroller that it will commence a routine audit of the Company's gross receipt taxes, which will routinely cover covers up to a four-year period. As of March 31, 2025, the audit was nearing completion and the Company accrued for an estimated settlement expense of **9**.8 million.



Note 14 - Variable Interest Entity

A variable interest entity ("VIE") is an entity with any of the following characteristics: (i) the entity does not have enough equity to finance its activities without additional financial support, (ii) the equity holders, as a group, lack the characteristics of a controlling financial interest or (iii) the entity is structured with non-substantive voting rights. Consolidation of a VIE is required for the party deemed to be the primary beneficiary, if any. The primary beneficiary is the party who has both (a) the power to direct the activities of a VIE that most significantly impact the VIE's economic performance and (b) the obligation to absorb losses of the VIE that could potentially be significant to the VIE or the right to receive benefits from the VIE that could potentially be significant to the VIE.

On November 1, 2024, we sold our cementing business located in Vernal, Utah, to Big 4, which is solely owned by a former employee, as part of a strategic repositioning. We received a promissory note for \$13.0 million as consideration. The note receivable is secured by substantially all assets of Big 4 and the former employee's ownership interests in and distributions from the entity. The note receivable is to be paid to the Company in quarterly installments with interest of 10% per annum from March 31, 2025 to December 31, 2029. We evaluated our note receivable from Big 4 for VIEs in accordance with ASC 810—*Consolidation*. The Company holds a variable interest in Big 4 and Big 4 is a VIE due to its lack of sufficient equity to finance its operations without additional subordinated financial support from the Company's variable interest in Big 4 and is considered subordinated financial support and represents a variable interest to the Company in Big 4. Assets and liabilities related to the Company's variable interest in Big 4 included in the Company's condensed consolidated balance sheets are limited to the unpaid balance of the note receivable and any accrued interest. The Company's maximum exposure to loss as a result of its involvement with Big 4 is also limited to the unpaid balance of the note receivable and any accrued interest. The consolidation of Big 4 is not required as the Company is not the primary beneficiary of this VIE as we do not have the power to direct the activities that most significantly impact Big 4's economic performance. We consider such activities to include performing customer contract obligations, maintaining and establishing customer relationships, and managing costs, among other operational activities. We do not have any control over such activities. Such power is held by Big 4's sole owner. We account for the note receivable (our variable interest) at amortized cost. At March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the carrying value of the note receivable including interest was \$12.7 mill

Note 15 - Subsequent Events

Equipment Financing Arrangement

On April 2, 2025, we entered into a financing arrangement (the "PROPWR Loan Agreement") to support the purchase of certain mobile natural gas-fueled power generation equipment, including turbine generator sets along with auxiliary equipment, for our PROPWR business line, under which the lender will fund progress payments beyond the initial down payment on the equipment for a maximum total amount of \$103.7 million and provide us interim loans in connection with each progress payment made on our behalf. Such interim loans will accrue interest at a floating rate per annum based on SOFR, plus a 3.85% margin, plus any increase or minus any decrease in the Bloomberg Industrial Single A Total Return Index since November 15, 2024. Such interim loans will be combined and converted to a term loan for each unit of equipment after the final progress payment is funded for each unit. Interest on interim loans is payable on a monthly basis until conversion to term loans. Each term loan will accrue interest at a fixed rate per annum based on the three-year U.S Treasury rate as of the date of conversion of interim loans to the term loan for each unit of equipment, plus a 3.70% margin, plus any increase or minus any decrease in the Bloomberg Industrial Single A Total Return Index since November 15, 2024 and will be payable in equal monthly installments over a period not to exceed five years. Each loan will be secured on a first lien basis by equipment collateral and support documents, casualty proceeds and other proceeds or products related thereto, and any proceeds from the equipment loan must be used for payment. In April 2025, we incurred interim loans totaling \$8.5 million in connection with progress payments on the equipment and expect to incur additional interim loans through early 2026. We expect converted term loans to commence from the end of the second quarter of 2025 through early 2026. The loan origination costs relating to these loans will be classified as an asset in the condensed consolidated balance sheet.



ITEM 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The financial information, discussion and analysis that follow should be read in conjunction with our consolidated financial statements and the related notes included in our Form 10-K as well as the financial and other information included therein.

Unless otherwise indicated, references in this "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" to the "Company," "we," "our," "us" or like terms refer to ProPetro Holding Corp. and its subsidiaries.

Overview

We are a leading integrated energy service company, located in Midland, Texas, focused on providing innovative hydraulic fracturing, wireline and other complementary energy and power generation services to leading upstream oil and gas companies engaged in the exploration and production ("E&P") of North American oil and natural gas resources. Our operations are primarily focused in the Permian Basin, where we have cultivated longstanding customer relationships with some of the region's most active and well-capitalized E&P companies. The Permian Basin is widely regarded as one of the most prolific oil-producing areas in the United States, and we believe we are one of the leading providers of completion services in the region.

Our operating segments comprise hydraulic fracturing, wireline, cementing and power generation services. Our completion services include hydraulic fracturing, wireline and cementing operations. Our hydraulic fracturing operations account for approximately 74.9% of our total revenues and operations as of March 31, 2025. Our total available hydraulic horsepower ("HHP") as of March 31, 2025, was 1,312,000 HHP, which was comprised of 445,000 HHP of our Tier IV DGB dual-fuel equipment, 312,000 HHP of FORCE[®] electric-powered equipment and 555,000 HHP of conventional Tier II equipment. Our hydraulic fracturing fleets range from approximately 50,000 to 80,000 HHP depending on the job design and customer demand at the wellsite. Our equipment has been designed to handle the operating conditions commonly encountered in the Permian Basin and the region's increasingly high-intensity well completions (including simultaneous hydraulic fracturing ("Simul-Frac"), which involves fracturing multiple wellbores at the same time), which are characterized by longer horizontal wellbores, more stages per lateral and increasing amounts of proppant per well. With the industry transition to lower emissions equipment and Simul-Frac, in addition to several other changes to our customers' job designs, we believe that our available fleet capacity could decline if we decide to reconfigure our fleets to increase active HHP and backup HHP at wellsites. In 2021, we began to transition our fleet from traditional equipment to Tier IV DGB dual-fuel equipment. In 2022, we entered into three-year lease for four FORCE[®] electric-powered hydraulic fracturing fleets with 60,000 HHP per fleet (the "Electric Fleet Leases") and in 2024, we entered into an additional three-year lease for a fifth FORCE[®] electric-powered hydraulic fracturing fleet with 72,000 HHP. As of March 31, 2025, we have received 312,000 HHP of FORCE[®] electric-powered equipment representing four fleets and a portion of the fifth fleet. We currently expect to receive the remaining

In the fourth quarter of fiscal year 2024, we formed a new subsidiary, ProPetro Energy Solutions, LLC, ("PROPWR") to provide power generation services to oil and gas producers and non-oil and gas applications such as general industrial projects and data centers. This subsidiary has ordered equipment, but it has not yet begun revenue-generating activities. In April 2025, we entered into a financing arrangement to purchase additional mobile natural gas-fueled power generation equipment. See Note 15. Subsequent Events.

On November 1, 2024, we sold our cementing business located in Vernal, Utah, to a business owned by a former employee as part of a strategic repositioning. We received a promissory note for \$13.0 million as consideration. The note receivable is secured by substantially all assets of the former employee's business and the former employee's ownership interests in and distributions from the business. The note receivable is to be paid to the Company in quarterly installments with interest of 10% per annum from March 31, 2025, to December 31, 2029. We recorded a gain on disposal of \$8.2 million related to the sale of the business. The former employee was part of our cementing operations until November 1, 2024, and is no longer affiliated with the Company.

On May 31, 2024, we consummated the acquisition of all of the outstanding equity interests in Aqua Prop, LLC ("AquaProp"), which provides wet sand solutions for hydraulic fracturing sand requirements at oil well sites (the "AquaProp Acquisition"). The consideration for the AquaProp Acquisition includes \$13.7 million of cash paid to the seller, \$3.7 million of deferred cash consideration payable to the seller by May 31, 2025, the payoff of \$7.2 million of the seller's outstanding debt, the payment of \$0.3 million of certain transaction costs and estimated contingent consideration of \$10.9 million. As a result of the AquaProp Acquisition, we expanded our business to include wet sand services.

Our competitors include many large and small energy service companies, including Halliburton Company, Liberty Energy Inc., Patterson-UTI Energy Inc., ProFrac Holding Corp., Solaris Energy Infrastructure, Inc., RPC, Inc., and a number of private and locally-oriented businesses. The markets in which we operate are highly competitive. To be successful, an energy services



company must provide services that meet the specific needs of oil and natural gas E&P companies at competitive prices. Competitive factors impacting sales of our services are price, reputation, technical expertise, emissions profile, service and equipment design and quality, and health and safety standards. Although we believe our customers consider all of these factors, we believe price is a key factor in an E&P company's criteria in choosing a service provider. However, we have recently observed the energy industry and our customers shift to lower emissions equipment, which we believe will be an increasingly important factor in an E&P company's selection of a service provider. The transition to lower emissions equipment has been challenging for companies in the service industry because of the capital requirements, lack of large scale deployment of certain new technology such as electric-powered equipment, and the pricing for our services and expected return on invested capital. While we seek to price our services competitively, we believe many of our customers elect to work with us based on our operational efficiencies, productivity, equipment portfolio and quality, reliability, ability to manage multifaceted logistics challenges, commitment to safety and the ability of our people to handle the most complex Permian Basin well completions and power generation challenges.

We believe that our substantial market presence in the Permian Basin positions us well to capitalize on drilling and completion activity and power demand in the region. Our operational focus has been in the Permian Basin's Midland sub-basin, where our customers have operated. However, we have increased our operations in the Delaware sub-basin and are well-positioned to support further increases to our activity in this area in response to demand from our customers. Over time, we expect the Permian Basin's Midland and Delaware sub-basins to continue to command a disproportionate share of future North American E&P spending.

Additionally, we believe the significant natural gas production in the Permian Basin will become a natural market for power-intensive businesses including data centers and other industrial businesses seeking alternative solutions for reliable and available electricity requirements which are not dependent on grid or public utility limitations.

Our Hydraulic Fracturing, Wireline and Cementing operating segments meet the criteria of a reportable segment. Prior to the fourth quarter of 2024, our cementing segment did not meet the quantitative thresholds for a reportable segment and was shown in the "All Other" category. Effective as of the fourth quarter of 2024, cementing is shown as a reportable segment since it meets the criteria of a reportable segment. Our power generation services segment does not meet the reportable segment criteria and is included within the "All Other" category. Additionally, our corporate administrative activities do not involve business activities from which we may earn revenues and its results are not regularly reviewed by the Company's CODM when making key operating and resource decisions. As a result, corporate administrative expenses and intersegment revenue have been included under "Reconciling Items." Prior period segment information has been revised to conform to our current presentation. For additional financial information on our reportable segments presentation, see *"Note 7 - Reportable Segment Information."*

Pioneer Pressure Pumping Acquisition

On December 31, 2018, we consummated the purchase of certain pressure pumping assets and real property from Pioneer Natural Resources USA, Inc. ("Pioneer") and Pioneer Pumping Services (the "Pioneer Pressure Pumping Acquisition") in exchange for 16.6 million shares of our common stock and \$110.0 million in cash. In May 2024, Pioneer merged with and into a wholly owned subsidiary of Exxon Mobil Corporation ("ExxonMobil") after which ExxonMobil became the owner of these shares. The Company currently provides pressure pumping, wireline and other services to ExxonMobil and previously provided such services to Pioneer.

On April 22, 2024, we entered into asub-agreement for Hydraulic Fracturing Services with XTO Energy Inc., a wholly owned subsidiary of ExxonMobil, where we will provide hydraulic fracturing, wireline and pumpdown services with two committed FORCE[®] electric-powered hydraulic fracturing fleets with the option to add a third FORCE[®] fleet (also with wireline and pumpdown services) for a period of three years or for contracted hours, whichever occurs last with respect to each fleet, subject to certain termination and release rights.

Commodity Price and Other Economic Conditions

The oil and gas industry has traditionally been volatile and is characterized by a combination of long-term, short-term and cyclical trends, including domestic and international supply and demand for oil and gas, current and expected future prices for oil and gas and the perceived stability and sustainability of those prices, and capital investments of E&P companies toward their development and production of oil and gas reserves. The oil and gas industry is also impacted by general domestic and international economic conditions such as supply chain disruptions and inflation, war and political instability in oil producing countries, government regulations (both in the United States and internationally), levels of consumer demand, adverse weather conditions, and other factors that are beyond our control.

The geopolitical and macroeconomic consequences of military action in the Middle East, the Russian invasion of Ukraine, including the associated sanctions, and actions by OPEC+ have contributed to volatility in supply and demand dynamics for

crude oil and associated volatility in crude oil pricing in recent years. More recently, the West Texas Intermediate ("WTI") average crude oil price declined to approximately \$76 per barrel in 2024 and approximately \$68 per barrel in March 2025 before further declining in April 2025 in response to tariff policies implemented by the U.S. government, an anticipated increase in global supply of crude oil and concerns of a potential global recession resulting from high inflation, interest rates, impacts of tariff policies on supply chains and increased costs as whole. Additionally, we have recently experienced a decrease in the rig count to 304 at the end of 2024 and a further decrease to 297 at the end of March 2025, which resulted in a reduction in the demand for completion services and pressure on pricing of our services.

Sustained levels of high inflation have likewise caused the U.S. Federal Reserve and other central banks to increase interest rates, and to the extent elevated inflation remains, we may experience further cost increases for our operations, including interest rates, labor costs and equipment. We cannot predict any future trends in the rate of inflation and crude oil prices. A significant increase in or continued high levels of inflation, to the extent we are unable to timely pass-through the cost increases to our customers, further declines in crude oil prices, or changes in U.S trade policy, including the imposition of tariffs and the resulting consequences, would negatively impact our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Government regulations and investors are demanding the oil and gas industry transition to a lower emissions operating environment, including upstream and energy service companies. As a result, we are working with our customers and equipment manufacturers to transition our equipment to a lower emissions profile. Currently, a number of lower emission solutions for pumping equipment, including Tier IV DGB dual-fuel, FORCE[®] electric, direct drive gas turbine and other technologies have been developed, and we expect additional lower emission solutions will be developed in the future. We are continually evaluating these technologies and other investment and acquisition opportunities that would support our existing and new customer relationships. The transition to lower emissions equipment is quickly evolving and will be capital intensive. Over time, we plan to replace our conventional Tier II diesel-only equipment with lower emissions equipment. We have transitioned our hydraulic fracturing equipment portfolio from approximately 60% lower emissions equipment in 2023, 70% in 2024, and expect to increase to approximately 75% by the end of the end of 2025. To the extent any of our customers have certain expectations or requirements with respect to emissions reductions from their contractors, if we are unable to continue to quickly transition to lower emissions equipment, the demand for our services could be adversely impacted.

If the Permian Basin rig count and market conditions improve, including improved pricing for our services and labor availability, and we are able to meet our customers' lower emissions equipment demands, we believe our operational and financial results will also improve. If the rig count or market conditions do not improve or decline in the future, and we are unable to increase our pricing or pass-through future cost increases to our customers, there could be a material adverse impact on our business, results of operations, and cash flows.

Our results of operations have historically reflected seasonal tendencies, typically in the fourth quarter, relating to the holiday season, inclement winter weather and exhaustion of our customers' annual budgets. As a result, we typically experience declines in our operating and financial results in November and December, even in a stable commodity price and operations environment.

How We Evaluate Our Operations

Our management uses Adjusted EBITDA or Adjusted EBITDA margin to evaluate and analyze the performance of our various operating segments.

Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA Margin

We view Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA margin as important indicators of performance. We define EBITDA as our earnings, before (i) interest expense, (ii) income taxes and (iii) depreciation and amortization. We define Adjusted EBITDA as EBITDA, plus (i) loss/(gain) on disposal of assets, (ii) stock-based compensation, (iii) other expense/(income), (iv) other unusual or nonrecurring (income)/expenses such as impairment expenses, costs related to asset acquisitions, insurance recoveries, one-time professional fees and legal settlements and (v) retention bonuses and severance. Adjusted EBITDA margin reflects our Adjusted EBITDA as a percentage of our revenues.

Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA margin are supplemental measures utilized by our management and other users of our financial statements such as investors, commercial banks, and research analysts, to assess our financial performance because it allows us and other users to compare our operating performance on a consistent basis across periods by removing the effects of our capital structure (such as varying levels of interest expense), asset base (such as depreciation and amortization), nonrecurring (income)/expenses and items outside the control of our management team (such as income taxes). Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA margin have limitations as analytical tools and should not be considered as an alternative to net income/(loss), operating income/(loss), cash flow from operating activities or any other measure of financial performance presented in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP").

Note Regarding Non-GAAP Financial Measures

Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA margin are not financial measures presented in accordance with GAAP ("non-GAAP"), except when specifically required to be disclosed by GAAP in the financial statements. We believe that the presentation of Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA margin provide useful information to investors in assessing our financial condition and results of operations because it allows them to compare our operating performance on a consistent basis across periods by removing the effects of our capital structure, asset base, nonrecurring expenses (income) and items outside the control of the Company. Net income (loss) is the GAAP measure most directly comparable to Adjusted EBITDA. Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA margin should not be considered as alternatives to the most directly comparable GAAP financial measures. Each of these non-GAAP financial measures has important limitations as analytical tools because they exclude some, but not all, items that affect the most directly comparable GAAP financial measures. You should not consider Adjusted EBITDA margin may be defined differently by other companies in our industry, our definitions of these non-GAAP financial measures of other companies, thereby diminishing their utility.

The following tables set forth certain financial information with respect to the Company's reportable segments intersegment revenues are shown under "Reconciling Items" (in thousands):

		Three Months Ended March 31, 2025										
	Hydraulic Fracturing			Wireline		Cementing		All Other		Reconciling Items		Total
Service revenue	\$	269,399	\$	53,442	\$	36,633	\$	_	\$	(58)	\$	359,416
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	68,340	\$	10,473	\$	8,066	\$	(710)	\$	(13,483)	\$	72,686
Depreciation and amortization	\$	41,301	\$	5,427	\$	1,930	\$	_	\$	23	\$	48,681
Operating lease expense on FORCE® fleets (1)	\$	15,339	\$	_	\$		\$		\$	_	\$	15,339
Capital expenditures incurred	\$	16,338	\$	2,184	\$	1,831	\$	18,300	\$	_	\$	38,653
Goodwill March 31, 2025	\$	920	\$	_	\$		\$		\$	_	\$	920
Total assets March 31, 2025	\$	955,862	\$	157,147	\$	69,735	\$	23,281	\$	40,174	\$	1,246,199

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2024											
	Hydraulic Fracturing			Wireline		Cementing		All Other]	Reconciling Items		Total
Service revenue	\$	309,300	\$	60,805	\$	35,738	\$		\$	_	\$	405,843
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	86,119	\$	16,786	\$	4,861	\$	_	\$	(14,371)	\$	93,395
Depreciation and amortization ⁽³⁾	\$	51,442	\$	4,915	\$	2,278	\$	_	\$	25	\$	58,660
Operating lease expense on FORCE® fleets (1)	\$	8,592	\$	_	\$		\$	_	\$	_	\$	8,592
Capital expenditures incurred	\$	35,988	\$	2,386	\$	1,466	\$	—	\$	_	\$	39,840
Goodwill December 31, 2024	\$	920	\$	_	\$		\$	_	\$	—	\$	920
Total assets December 31, 2024	\$	961,485	\$	156,349	\$	73,935	\$	—	\$	31,876	\$	1,223,645

(1) Represents amortization of right-of-use assets and interest expense on lease liabilities related to operating leases on our FORCE [®] electric-powered hydraulic fracturing fleets. This cost is recorded within cost of services in our condensed consolidated statements of operations.

(2) The write-offs of remaining book value of prematurely failed power ends and other components are recorded as depreciation in 2025. In order to conform to current period presentation, we have reclassified the corresponding amount of \$6.5 million from loss on disposal of assets to depreciation for the three months ended March 31, 2024.

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A reconciliation of net income to Adjusted EBITDA is provided in the table below (in thousands):

	Three Months I	Ended N	Aarch 31,
	2025		2024
Net income	\$ 9,602	\$	19,930
Depreciation and amortization ⁽¹⁾	48,681		58,660
Interest expense	1,730		2,029
Income tax expense	1,112		9,758
Loss on disposal of assets ⁽¹⁾	9,746		4
Stock-based compensation	3,337		3,742
Business acquisition contingent consideration adjustments	(300)		_
Other income, net ⁽²⁾	(2,943)		(1,405)
Other general and administrative expense, net	6		59
Retention bonus and severance expense	1,715		618
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 72,686	\$	93,395

(1) The write-offs of remaining book value of prematurely failed power ends and other components are recorded as depreciation in 2025. In order to conform to current period presentation, we have reclassified the corresponding amount of \$6.5 million from loss on disposal of assets to depreciation for the three months ended March 31, 2024.

(2) Other income for the three months ended March 31, 2025 is primarily comprised of true-up of workers' compensation and general liability insurance premiums of \$1.0 million, tax refunds (net of advisory fees) totaling \$0.4 million, interest income from note receivable from sale of business of \$0.3 million, a \$0.2 million unrealized gain on short-term investment and \$1.0 million of other income. Other income for the three months ended March 31, 2024 is primarily comprised of insurance reimbursements of \$2.0 million, partially offset by a \$0.6 million unrealized loss on short-term investment.

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Results of Operations

As of March 31, 2025, we conducted our business through four operating segments: hydraulic fracturing, wireline, cementing, and power generation services (started in the fourth quarter of fiscal year 2024 and has not begun any revenue-generating activities yet). Our power generation services operating segment is shown in the "All Other" category for segment reporting purposes.

On May 31, 2024, we completed the acquisition of all of the outstanding equity interests in AquaProp in exchange for \$13.7 million of cash, \$3.7 million of deferred cash consideration payable to AquaProp's seller by May 31, 2025, the payoff of \$7.2 million of assumed debt, the payment of \$0.3 million of certain transaction costs, and estimated contingent consideration of \$10.9 million. As a result of the acquisition, we expanded our operations into the wet sand service business unit. The Company's 2025 results include the impact of AquaProp's operations which was not included in our 2024 results herein because we acquired AquaProp in May 2024. Accordingly, the full impact of the results of AquaProp may affect the comparability of our 2025 results when compared to prior period. AquaProp's operations, which are included for the entire period, resulted in \$21.4 million in revenues and \$20.4 million in cost of services for the three months ended March 31, 2025, which are included in the Hydraulic Fracturing reportable segment.

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The following table sets forth the results of operations for the periods presented:

(in thousands, except for percentages)	Three Months Ended March 31,					Change Increase (Decrease)		
		2025		2024		\$	%	
Revenue								
Hydraulic Fracturing	\$	269,399	\$	309,300	\$	(39,901)	(12.9)%	
Wireline		53,442		60,805		(7,363)	(12.1)%	
Cementing		36,633		35,738		895	2.5 %	
All Other ⁽¹⁾		_		_		_	%	
Elimination of intersegment service revenue		(58)		_		(58)	%	
Total revenue		359,416		405,843		(46,427)	(11.4)%	
Cost of services ⁽²⁾								
Hydraulic Fracturing		196,253		218,024		(21,770)	(10.0)%	
Wireline		40,294		41,152		(858)	(2.1)%	
Cementing		27,367		29,465		(2,098)	(7.1)%	
All Other ⁽¹⁾		_		_		_	%	
Elimination of intersegment cost of services		(58)		_		(58)	%	
Total cost of services		263,856		288,641	_	(24,785)	(8.6)%	
General and administrative expense (3)		27,632		28,226		(594)	(2.1)%	
Depreciation and amortization ⁽⁴⁾		48,681		58,660		(9,979)	(17.0)%	
Loss on disposal of assets (4)		9,746		4		9,742	243,550.0 %	
Interest expense		1,730		2,029		(299)	(14.7)%	
Other income, net		(2,943)		(1,405)		(1,538)	(109.5)%	
Income tax expense		1,112		9,758		(8,646)	(88.6)%	
Net income	\$	9,602	\$	19,930	\$	(10,328)	(51.8)%	
Adjusted EBITDA ⁽⁵⁾	\$	72,686	\$	93,395	\$	(20,709)	(22.2)%	
Adjusted EBITDA Margin ⁽⁵⁾		20.2 %	ó	23.0 %		(2.8)%	(12.2)%	
Hydraulic Fracturing segment results of operations:								
Revenue	\$	269,399	\$	309,300	\$	(39,901)	(12.9)%	
Cost of services	\$	196,254	\$	218,024	\$	(21,770)	(10.0)%	
Adjusted EBITDA ⁽⁶⁾	\$	68,340	\$	86,119	\$	(17,779)	(20.6)%	
Adjusted EBITDA Margin ⁽⁶⁾		25.4 %	Ó	27.8 %		(2.4)%	(8.6)%	
(1) Represents our power generation services business.								

(2) Exclusive of depreciation and amortization.

(3) Inclusive of stock-based compensation.

(4) The write-offs of remaining book value of prematurely failed power ends and other components are recorded as depreciation in 2025. In order to conform to current period presentation, we have reclassified the corresponding amount of \$6.5 million from loss on disposal of assets to depreciation for the three months ended March 31, 2024

(5) For definitions of the non-GAAP financial measures of Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA margin and reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA to our most directly comparable financial measures calculated in accordance with GAAP, please read "How We Evaluate Our Operations."

(6) The non-GAAP financial measure of Adjusted EBITDA margin for the Hydraulic Fracturing segment is calculated by taking Adjusted EBITDA for the Hydraulic Fracturing segment as a percentage of our revenue for the Hydraulic Fracturing segment.

Three Months Ended March 31, 2025 Compared to the Three Months Ended March 31, 2024

Revenues. Revenues decreased 11.4%, or \$46.4 million, to \$359.4 million during the three months ended March 31, 2025, as compared to \$405.8 million during the three months ended March 31, 2024. Revenue by reportable segment was as follows:

Hydraulic Fracturing. Our hydraulic fracturing segment revenues decreased 12.9%, or \$39.9 million, for the three months ended March 31, 2025, as compared to the three months ended March 31, 2024. The decrease was primarily attributable to decreased customer pricing, partially offset by increased efficiency and the addition of AquaProp's operations in May 2024, which contributed \$21.4 million in revenues during the three months ended March 31, 2025. Our average active hydraulic fracturing fleet count was approximately 15 fleets for the three months ended March 31, 2025, an increase from approximately 14 fleets for the three months ended March 31, 2024. Intersegment revenues, consisting of revenues derived from our wireline segment, totaled \$0.1 million and \$0 for the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

Wireline. Our wireline segment revenues decreased 12.1% or \$7.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2025, as compared to the three months ended March 31, 2024. The decrease was primarily attributable to decreased customer activity and customer pricing.

Cementing. Our cementing segment revenue increased 2.5%, or \$0.9 million for the three months ended March 31, 2025, as compared to the three months ended March 31, 2024. The increase was primarily attributable to synergies gained with customers after the acquisition of Par Five Energy Services LLC ("Par Five"), partially offset by the sale of our cementing business located in Vernal, Utah in November 2024.

Cost of Services. Cost of services decreased 8.6%, or \$24.8 million, to \$263.9 million for the three months ended March 31, 2025, as compared to \$288.6 million during the three months ended March 31, 2024. Cost of services by reportable segment was as follows:

Hydraulic Fracturing. Cost of services in our hydraulic fracturing segment decreased \$21.8 million for the three months ended March 31, 2025, as compared to the three months ended March 31, 2024. As a percentage of hydraulic fracturing segment revenues, hydraulic fracturing cost of services was 72.8% for the three months ended March 31, 2025, as compared to 70.5% for the three months ended March 31, 2024 driven by customer price decreases and the impact of general cost inflation. The decrease in cost of services was partially offset by the addition of AquaProp's operations in May 2024, which added \$20.4 million in cost of services during the three months ended March 31, 2025.

Wireline. Our wireline segment cost of services decreased \$0.9 million for the three months ended March 31, 2025, as compared to the three months ended March 31, 2024 due to decrease in activity. Intersegment cost of services, consisting of cost of services incurred to our hydraulic fracturing segment, totaled \$0.1 million and \$0 for the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

Cementing. Our cementing cost of services decreased 7.1%, or \$2.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2025, as compared to the three months ended March 31, 2024. The decrease was primarily attributable to the sale of our cementing business located in Vernal, Utah in November 2024.

General and Administrative Expenses. General and administrative expenses decreased 2.1%, or \$0.6 million, to \$27.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2025, as compared to \$28.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2024.

Excluding nonrecurring and non-cash items (i.e., stock-based compensation of \$3.3 million, retention bonuses and severance expenses of \$1.7 million, partially offset by business acquisition contingent consideration adjustments of \$0.3 million), general and administrative expenses were \$22.9 million during the three months ended March 31, 2025, as compared to \$23.8 million during the three months ended March 31, 2024.

Depreciation and Amortization. Depreciation and amortization decreased 17.0%, or \$10.0 million, to \$48.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2025, as compared to \$58.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2024. The decrease was primarily attributable to assets fully depreciating and a reduction in the cost basis of Tier II diesel-only hydraulic fracturing pumping units and associated conventional assets impaired in the third quarter of 2024, partially offset by the addition of AquaProp's operations in May 2024 which included \$1.5 million of depreciation and amortization.

Loss on Disposal of Assets. Loss on disposal of assets increased by \$9.7 million, to \$9.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2025, as compared to \$4 thousand for the three months ended March 31, 2024. The increase was primarily attributable to losses incurred during the three months ended March 31, 2025 from the sale of certain Tier II hydraulic fracturing equipment.



Interest Expense. Interest expense decreased to \$1.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2025, as compared to \$2.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2024. The decrease was primarily attributable to lower interest rates on outstanding borrowings under our revolving credit facility (the revolving credit facility, as amended and restated in April 2022, as amended in June 2023, as amended in June 2024, and as may be amended further, "ABL Credit Facility") during the three months ended March 31, 2025 and a reduction in our finance lease obligation as a result of a payments.

Other Income. Other income was approximately \$2.9 million for the three months ended March 31, 2025, compared to other income of \$1.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2024. Other income for the three months ended March 31, 2025 is primarily comprised of true-up of workers' compensation and general liability insurance premiums of \$1.0 million, tax refunds (net of advisory fees) totaling \$0.4 million, interest income for monte receivable from sale of business of \$0.3 million, a \$0.2 million unrealized gain on short-term investment and \$1.0 million of other income. Other income for the three months ended March 31, 2024 is primarily comprised of insurance reimbursements of \$2.0 million, partially offset by a \$0.6 million unrealized loss on short-term investment.

Income Taxes. Total income tax expense was \$1.1 million resulting in an effective tax rate of 10.4% for the three months ended March 31, 2025, as compared to income tax expense of \$9.8 million or an effective tax rate of 32.9% for the three months ended March 31, 2024. The change in effective tax rate for the three months ended March 31, 2025, compared to the three months ended March 31, 2024, is primarily attributable to the difference in the impact of nondeductible expenses, state taxes and valuation allowances on the pre-tax loss for 2025, as compared to 2024.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Our liquidity is currently provided by (i) existing cash balances, (ii) operating cash flows and (iii) borrowings under our ABL Credit Facility (as defined below). In addition, on April 2, 2025, we entered into a financing arrangement (the "PROPWR Loan Agreement") to support the purchase of certain mobile natural gas-fueled power generation equipment, including turbine generator sets along with auxiliary equipment, for our PROPWR business line. See "Credit Facility and Other Financing Arrangements" below. Our cash is primarily used to fund our operations, support growth opportunities, fund share repurchases under our share repurchase program and satisfy future debt payments. Our Borrowing Base (as defined below), under our ABL Credit Facility, as redetermined monthly, is tied to the sum of 85% to 90% of monthly eligible accounts receivable and 80% of eligible unbilled accounts (up to a maximum of 25% of the Borrowing Base), in each case, depending on the credit ratings of our accounts receivable counterparties, less customary reserves (the "Borrowing Base"). Changes to our operational activity levels and our customers' credit ratings have an impact on our total eligible accounts receivable, which could result in significant changes to our Borrowing Base and therefore, our availability under our ABL Credit Facility.

We received advance payments from a customer for our services, and the amount outstanding in connection with the advance payments as of March 31, 2025 was \$9.3 million, which does not include any restricted cash.

As of March 31, 2025, our borrowings under our ABL Credit Facility were \$45.0 million and our total liquidity was approximately \$197.4 million, consisting of cash and cash equivalents of \$63.4 million and \$134.0 million of availability under our ABL Credit Facility.

On April 24, 2024, the Company's board of directors (the "Board") approved an increase and extension to the share repurchase program previously authorized on May 17, 2023. The program permits the repurchase of up to an additional \$100 million of the Company's common stock for a total of \$200 million and extends the expiration date by one year to May 31, 2025. The shares may be repurchased from time to time in open market transactions, block trades, accelerated share repurchases, privately negotiated transactions, derivative transactions or otherwise, certain of which may be made pursuant to a trading plan meeting the requirements of Rule 10b5-1 under the Exchange Act, as amended, in compliance with applicable state and federal securities laws. The timing, as well as the number and value of shares repurchased under the program, will be determined by the Company at its discretion and will depend on a variety of factors, including management's assessment of the intrinsic value of the Company's common stock, the market price of the Company's common stock, general market and economic conditions, available liquidity, compliance with the Company's debt and other agreements, applicable legal requirements, and other considerations. The Company is not obligated to purchase any shares under the share repurchase program, and the program may be suspended, modified, or discontinued at any time without prior notice. The Company made no share repurchases under the share repurchase program. As of March 31, 2025, \$89.2 million remained authorized for future repurchases of common stock under the share repurchase program.

There can be no assurance that our operations and other capital resources will provide cash in sufficient amounts to maintain planned or future levels of capital expenditures and to continue with our share repurchases under our share repurchase program or fund future business acquisitions. Future cash flows are subject to a number of variables, and are highly dependent on the drilling, completion, and production activity by our customers, which in turn is highly dependent on oil and natural gas prices. Depending upon market conditions and other factors, we may issue equity and debt securities or take other actions necessary to fund our business, strategy or meet our future long-term liquidity requirements.

Capital Requirements, Future Sources and Use of Cash and Contractual Obligations

Capital expenditures incurred were \$38.7 million during the three months ended March 31, 2025, as compared to \$39.8 million during the three months ended March 31, 2024 for our reportable segments. The significant portion of our total capital expenditures incurred during the three months ended March 31, 2025 were maintenance capital expenditures and down payments on mobile natural gas-fueled power generation equipment for our PROPWR business line



Our future material use of cash will be to fund our capital expenditures. We may also use material amounts of cash to repurchase shares under our share repurchase program. Capital expenditures for 2025 are projected to be primarily related to capital expenditures to extend the useful life of our existing completion services assets, costs to convert some existing equipment to lower emissions equipment, purchase power generation equipment, strategic purchases and other ancillary equipment purchases, subject to market conditions and customer demand. Our future capital expenditures depend on our projected operational activity, emission requirements and planned conversions to lower emissions equipment, among other factors, which could vary significantly throughout the year. Based on our current plan and projected activity levels for 2025, we expect our capital expenditures to range between approximately \$295 million to \$345 million which includes approximately \$125 million to \$175 million for our completion services business and approximately \$170 million for our PROPWR business. We entered into a contractual arrangement with an equipment manufacturer to purchase mobile natural gas-fueled power generation equipment, including turbine generator sets along with auxiliary equipment, for our PROPWR business line, with a total cost of \$122.0 million, of which approximately \$103.7 million, representing progress payments beyond the initial down payment on this equipment, will be financed. We currently expect to receive this equipment beginning at the end of the second quarter of 2025 through early 2026. We entered into contractual arrangements with other equipment manufacturers to purchase additional natural gas-fueled power generation equipment for our PROPWR business line, with a total cost of \$102.0 million. We currently expect to receive this equipment beginning in the second quarter of 2025 through the second quarter of 2026. We could incur significant additional capital expenditures if our projected activity levels increase during the course of the year, inflation and supply chain tightness continue to adversely impact our operations or we invest in new or different lower emissions equipment. The Company will continue to evaluate the emissions profile of its equipment over the coming years and may, depending on market conditions, convert or retire additional conventional Tier II equipment in favor of lower emissions equipment. The Company's decisions regarding the retirement or conversion of equipment or the addition of lower emissions equipment will be subject to a number of factors, including (among other factors) the availability of equipment, including parts and major components, supply chain disruptions, prevailing and expected commodity prices, customer demand and requirements and the Company's evaluation of projected returns on conversion or other capital expenditures. Depending on the impacts of these factors, the Company may decide to retain conventional equipment for a longer period of time or accelerate the retirement, replacement or conversion of that equipment.

We anticipate our capital expenditures will be funded by existing cash, cash flows from operations, and if needed, borrowings under our ABL Credit Facility. We expect to finance the purchase of our PROPWR mobile natural gas-fueled power generation equipment using the PROPWR Loan Agreement Our cash flows from operations will be generated from services we provide to our customers.

We entered into a sand purchase agreement with a supplier that will expire on December 31, 2025 with a remaining take-or-pay commitment of aproximately \$0.4 million. We also entered into three-year electric fleet leases for five FORCE[®] electric-powered hydraulic fracturing fleets (the "Electric Fleet Leases"), which contain options to extend the leases or purchase the equipment at the end of each lease or at the end of each subsequent renewal period. As of March 31, 2025, all five of the Electric Fleet Leases commenced when the Company took possession of all equipment associated with its first four FORCE[®] electric-powered hydraulic fracturing fleets and some of the equipment associated with its fifth fleet under these leases. We currently expect to receive the remaining equipment associated with the fifth fleet in the first half of 2025. The total estimated contractual commitment in connection with the Electric Fleet Leases excluding the cost associated with the option to purchase the equipment at the end of each lease (the "Power Equipment Lease") for certain power generation equipment. The total estimated contractual commitment in connection with the Power Equipment Lease is approximately \$29.1 million.

In the normal course of business, we enter into various contractual obligations and incur expenses in connection with routine growth, conversion and maintenance capital expenditures that impact our future liquidity. There were no other known future material contractual obligations as of March 31, 2025.

Cash and Cash Flows

The following table sets forth the historical cash flows for the three months ended March 31, 2025, and 2024:

	Three Months Ended March 31,				
(in thousands)	2025			2024	
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	54,689	\$	74,822	
Net cash used in investing activities	\$	(32,836)	\$	(33,847)	
Net cash used in financing activities	\$	(8,904)	\$	(27,871)	

Operating Activities

Net cash provided by operating activities was \$54.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2025, compared to \$74.8 million for the three months ended March 31, 2024. The net decrease of approximately \$20.1 million was primarily due to lower net income adjusted for noncash expenses and the timing of our receivable collections from our customers and payments to our vendors.

Investing Activities

Net cash used in investing activities decreased to \$32.8 million for the three months ended March 31, 2025, from \$33.8 million for the three months ended March 31, 2024. The decrease was primarily attributable to a \$7.0 million increase proceeds from the sale of assets, partially offset by a \$6.3 million increase in capital expenditures which includes \$18.3 million for mobile natural gas-fueled power generation equipment for our PROPWR business line.

The following table summarizes our capital expenditures incurred by reportable segment for the periods indicated:

	Th	Three Months Ended March 31,				
(in thousands)		2025				
Reportable Segments:						
Hydraulic Fracturing	\$	16,338	\$	35,988		
Wireline		2,184		2,386		
Cementing		1,831		1,466		
All Other ⁽¹⁾		18,300				
Total capital expenditures	\$	38,653	\$	39,840		

(1) Represents our power generation services business.

Cash Flows From Financing Activities

Net cash used in financing activities decreased to \$8.9 million for the three months ended March 31, 2025, from \$27.9 million for the three months ended March 31, 2024. The net decrease was primarily driven by a \$22.5 million decrease in share repurchases, partially offset by a \$1.5 million increase in tax withholdings paid for net settlement of equity awards, a \$1.5 million increase in repayments of insurance financing and a \$0.6 million increase in payments of finance lease obligation.

Credit Facility and Other Financing Arrangements

Our revolving credit facility, as amended and restated in April 2022, prior to giving effect to the amendment to the revolving credit facility in June 2023, had a total borrowing capacity of \$150.0 million. The revolving credit facility had a borrowing base of 85% to 90%, depending on the credit ratings of our accounts receivable counterparties, of monthly eligible accounts receivable less customary reserves. The revolving credit facility included a springing fixed charge coverage ratio to apply when excess availability was less than the greater of (i) 10% of the lesser of the facility size or the borrowing base or (ii) \$10.0 million. Under the revolving credit facility we were required to comply, subject to certain exceptions and materiality qualifiers, with certain customary affirmative and negative covenants, including, but not limited to, covenants pertaining to our ability to incur liens, indebtedness, changes in the nature of our business, mergers and other fundamental changes, disposal of assets, investments and restricted payments, amendments to our organizational documents or accounting policies, prepayments of certain debt, dividends, transactions with affiliates, and certain other activities.



Effective June 2, 2023, the Company entered into an amendment to the ABL Credit Facility. The amendment increased the borrowing capacity under the ABL Credit Facility to \$225.0 million (subject to the Borrowing Base limit), and extended the maturity date to June 2, 2028.

Effective June 26, 2024, the Company entered into an amendment to the ABL Credit Facility. The amendment increased the amount of non-cash consideration that may be considered cash pursuant to certain permitted dispositions.

The Borrowing Base as of March 31, 2025, was approximately \$187.5 million. The ABL Credit Facility includes a springing fixed charge coverage ratio to apply when excess availability is less than the greater of (i) 10% of the lesser of the facility size or the Borrowing Base or (ii) \$15.0 million. Under the ABL Credit Facility we are required to comply, subject to certain exceptions and materiality qualifiers, with certain customary affirmative and negative covenants, including, but not limited to, covenants pertaining to our ability to incur liens, indebtedness, changes in the nature of our business, mergers and other fundamental changes, disposal of assets, investments and restricted payments, amendments to our organizational documents or accounting policies, prepayments of certain debt, dividends, transactions with affiliates, and certain other activities. Borrowings under the ABL Credit Facility are secured by a first priority lien and security interest in substantially all assets of the Company.

Borrowings under the ABL Credit Facility accrue interest based on a three-tier pricing grid tied to availability, and we may elect for loans to be based on either the Secured Overnight Financing Rate ("SOFR") or the base rate, plus the applicable margin, which ranges from 1.75% to 2.25% for SOFR loans and 0.75% to 1.25% for base rate loans.

Effective April 2, 2025, PROPWR entered into a contractual arrangement with an equipment manufacturer to purchase mobile natural gas-fueled power generation equipment for our PROPWR business line, with a total cost of \$122.0 million, of which approximately \$103.7 million, representing progress payments beyond the initial down payment on this equipment, will be financed. We currently expect to receive this equipment beginning at the end of the second quarter of 2025 through early 2026. We entered into contractual arrangements with other equipment manufacturers to purchase additional natural gas-fueled power generation equipment for our PROPWR business line, with a total cost of \$102.0 million. We currently expect to receive this equipment beginning in the second quarter of 2025 through the second quarter of 2026. See "Note 15 – Subsequent Events" in the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for further information.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We had no off-balance sheet arrangements as of March 31, 2025.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

There have been no material changes during the three months ended March 31, 2025 to the methodology applied by our management for critical accounting policies previously disclosed in our Form 10-K. Please refer to Part II, Item 7, "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates" in our Form 10-K for a discussion of our critical accounting policies and estimates.

Recently Issued Accounting Standards

Disclosure concerning recently issued accounting standards is incorporated by reference to Note 2 of our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) contained in this Form 10-Q.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

As of March 31, 2025, there have been no material changes in market risk from the information provided in "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" or "Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures of Market Risk" in our Form 10-K.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

We maintain disclosure controls and procedures that are designed to provide reasonable assurance that the information required to be disclosed by us in our reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.



As required by Rule 13a-15(b) under the Exchange Act, we have evaluated, under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act) as of the end of the period covered by this Form 10-Q. Based upon that evaluation, our principal executive officer and principal financial officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective at the reasonable assurance level as of March 31, 2025.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

There were no changes in our system of internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act) that occurred during the quarter ended March 31, 2025 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II – OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. Legal Proceedings

See "Note 13 - Commitments and Contingencies" in the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for further information.

ITEM 1A. Risk Factors

Except as set forth below, there have been no material changes to the risk factors disclosed in Part I, Item 1A. of our Form 10-K.

Changes in U.S. trade policy and the impact of tariffs may have a material adverse effect on our business and results of operations.

Our business and results of operations may be adversely affected by uncertainty and changes in U.S. trade policies, including tariffs, trade agreements or other trade restrictions imposed by the United States or other governments. For example, on March 12, 2025, the U.S. government imposed a 25% tariff on steel imports, and on April 2, 2025, the U.S. government announced a 10% tariff on product imports from almost all countries and individualized higher tariffs on certain other countries. Several tariff announcements have been followed by announcements of limited exemptions and temporary pauses. These actions are unprecedented, have caused substantial uncertainty and volatility in financial markets and may result in retaliatory measures on U.S. goods.

Any imposition of or increase in tariffs on imports of steel or other materials, as well as corresponding price increases for such materials available domestically, could increase our material input costs and our costs to maintain our assets. To the extent that we are unable to pass all or any such cost increases on to our customers, such cost increases could adversely affect our returns on investment.

The imposition of further tariffs by the United States on a broader range of imports, or further retaliatory trade measures taken in response to additional tariffs, could increase costs in our supply chain or reduce demand of our customers' products, either of which could adversely affect our results of operations. The ultimate impact of these trade measures on our business operations and financial results is uncertain and may be affected by various factors, including whether and when such trade measures are implemented, the timing when such measures may become effective, and the amount, scope, or nature of such trade measures, and our ability to execute strategies to mitigate the negative impacts.

ITEM 2. Unregistered Sales or Purchases of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

Share Repurchase Program

The following sets forth information with respect to our repurchases of shares of common stock during the three months ended March 31, 2025:

Period	Total number of shares purchased	Average price paid per share	Total number of shares purchased as part of publicly announced plans or programs ⁽¹⁾	Approximate dollar value of shares that may yet be purchased under the plans or programs ⁽¹⁾	
January 1, 2025 to January 31, 2025	_	\$ _		\$ 89,152,858	
February 1, 2025 to February 28, 2025	—	\$	—	\$ 89,152,858	
March 1, 2025 to March 31, 2025	_	\$		\$ 89,152,858	
Total		\$		\$ 89,152,858	

(1) On April 24, 2024, the Board approved an increase and extension to the share repurchase program previously authorized on May 17, 2023. The program permits the repurchase of up to an additional \$100 million of the Company's common stock for a total of \$200 million and extends the expiration date by one year to May 31, 2025. The shares may be repurchased from time to time in open market transactions, block trades, accelerated share repurchases, privately negotiated transactions, derivative transactions or otherwise, certain of which may be made pursuant to a trading plan meeting the requirements of Rule 10b5-1 under the Exchange Act, as amended, in compliance with applicable state and federal securities laws.

(2) The average price paid per share includes commissions.

ITEM 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities



None.

ITEM 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

Not applicable.

ITEM 5. Other Information

During the three months ended March 31, 2025, no director or officer of the Companyadopted, modified or terminated any "Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement" or "non-Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement" within the meaning of Item 408 of Regulation S-K, except as follows: On March 12, 2025, G. Larry Lawrence, a member of the Board, adopted a Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement within the meaning of Item 408 of Regulation S-K, intended to satisfy the affirmative defense conditions of Rule 10b5-1(c) of the Exchange Act, pursuant to which a maximum number of 21,116 of our common shares held directly by Mr. Lawrence may be sold between June 11, 2025 andSeptember 12, 2025. The plan terminates on the on the earlier of (i) September 12, 2025, (ii) the first date on which all trades set forth in the plan have been executed or (iii) such date as the plan is otherwise terminated according to its terms.

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ITEM 6. Exhibits

The exhibits required to be filed or furnished by Item 601 of Regulation S-K are listed below.

3.1	Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of ProPetro Holding Corp. dated as of June 19, 2019 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, dated June 19, 2019).
3.2	Amended and Restated Bylaws of ProPetro Holding Corp. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, dated June 19, 2019).
3.3	Certificate of Designations of Series B Junior Participating Preferred Stock of ProPetro Holding Corp. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, dated April 14, 2020).
10.1	Retention Bonus Agreement, effective March 3, 2025, by and between Celina A. Davila and ProPetro Services LLC (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, dated March 4, 2025).
10.2*#	Separation and Release Agreement, effective March 12, 2025, by and between David S. Schorlemer and ProPetro Services Inc. and, solely for purposes set forth therein, ProPetro Holding Corp.
10.3+	Master Loan and Security Agreement, dated April 2, 2025, by and among ProPetro Energy Solutions, LLC, Caterpillar Financial Services Corporation, the Company and ProPetro Services, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, dated April 8, 2025).
31.1*	Certification of Principal Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) and Rule 15d-14(a) of the Exchange Act Rules, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
31.2*	Certification of Principal Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) and Rule 15d-14(a) of the Exchange Act Rules, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.1**	Certification of Principal Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted by Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.2**	Certification of Principal Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted by Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
101.INS*	XBRL Instance Document
101.SCH*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
101.CAL*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
101.LAB*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
101.PRE*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document
101.DEF*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
104*	Cover Page Interactive Data File - the cover page interactive data file does not appear in the Interactive Data File because its XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document
*	Filed herewith.
**	Furnished herewith.
#	Compensatory plan, contract or arrangement

Compensatory plan, contract or arrangement. # +

Certain portions of this exhibit have been redacted pursuant to Item 601(b)(10)(iv) of Regulation S-K. The Company agrees to furnish supplementally an unredacted copy of the exhibit to the Securities and Exchange Commission upon its request.

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Date: May 1, 2025

/s/ Samuel D. Sledge Samuel D. Sledge Chief Executive Officer and Director

(Principal Executive Officer)

By:

By:

/s/ Celina A. Davila Celina A. Davila Chief Accounting Officer (Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

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SEPARATION AND RELEASE AGREEMENT

This Separation and Release Agreement (this "*Agreement*") is entered into by and between ProPetro Services Inc., a Texas corporation (the "*Company*"), and David S. Schorlemer ("*Employee*"). ProPetro Holding Corp., a Delaware corporation and parent of the Company (the "*Parent*"), enters into this Agreement for the limited purpose of acknowledging and agreeing to the provisions set forth in <u>Section 6</u>. Employee and the Company are sometimes referred to herein individually as a "*Party*" and collectively as the "*Parent*."

WHEREAS, Employee is a participant in the ProPetro Services, Inc. Second Amended and Restated Executive Severance Plan (the "Severance Plan");

WHEREAS, Employee has outstanding equity awards under the Amended and Restated ProPetro Holding Corp. Long Term Incentive Plan (the "*LTIP*");

WHEREAS, Employee's employment with the Company terminated effective as of March 3, 2025 (the "Separation Date");

WHEREAS, pursuant to the Severance Plan, Employee is eligible to receive certain severance payments and benefits upon a termination by the Company without "Cause" (as defined in the Severance Plan), which severance payments and benefits are conditioned upon Employee's execution, delivery and non-revocation of this Agreement; and

WHEREAS, the Parties wish to resolve any and all claims that Employee has or may have against the Company and the other Company Parties (as defined below), including any claims that Employee has or may have arising from or relating to Employee's employment, or the end of Employee's employment, with any Company Party.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the promises and benefits set forth herein, and for other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged by Employee and the Company, the Parties hereby agree as follows:

1. Separation from Employment; Resignations. The Parties acknowledge and agree that Employee's employment with the Company ended as of the Separation Date and that, as of the Separation Date, Employee was no longer employed by any Company Party. The Parties further acknowledge and agree that, as of the Separation Date, Employee automatically resigned (i) as Chief Financial Officer of the Company and Parent, (ii) as an officer of the Parent, the Company and each of their respective Affiliates (as defined below) for which Employee served as an officer and (iii) from the board of directors or board of managers (or similar governing body) of any corporation, limited liability entity, unlimited liability entity, or other entity in which the Parent, the Company or any of their respective Affiliates holds an equity interest and with respect to which board of directors or board of managers (or similar governing body) Employee served as the Parent's, Company's or such other subsidiary's member's designee or other representative.

2. <u>Separation Payments and Benefits</u>. Employee shall receive a payment equal to (i) all accrued and unpaid salary through the Separation Date and (ii) all paid time off accrued but unused as of the Separation Date, which payment shall be payable no later than seven (7) business days following the Separation Date. Additionally, provided that Employee: (x) executes

this Agreement on or after the Separation Date and returns a signed copy of it to the Company, care of John J. Mitchell, ProPetro Holding Corp., 303 W. Wall Street, Suite 102, Midland, Texas 79701 (e-mail: jody.mitchell@propetroservices.com), so that it is received no later than the close of business on the date that is twenty-one (21) days after Employee receives this Agreement (the "*Release Consideration Period*"), and it is not subsequently revoked by Employee in accordance with <u>Section 5</u>; and (y) satisfies the other terms and conditions set forth in this Agreement, then:

(a) Employee shall receive a payment in the amount of 1,553,595.12, to be paid in a lump sum no later than the Company's first regularly scheduled pay date that occurs on or after the date that is fourteen (14) days following the end of the Release Consideration Period, pursuant to Sections 5(a)(i) and (iii) of the Severance Plan; and

(b) Employee shall receive a payment in the amount of \$516,618.00, to be paid in a lump sum no later than March 15, 2025, pursuant to Section 5(a)(ii) of the Severance Plan.

Employee acknowledges and agrees that the consideration described in <u>Sections 2(a)</u> and (b) represents the entirety of the amounts Employee is eligible to receive as severance pay and benefits from the Company, the Parent or any other Company Party, including under the Amended and Restated ProPetro Holding Corp. 2020 Long Term Incentive Plan (the "2020 Plan"), the Amended and Restated ProPetro Holding Corp. 2020 Long Term Incentive Plan (the "2020 Plan"), the Amended and Restated ProPetro Holding Corp. Executive Incentive Bonus Plan (the "Bonus Plan"), and the Severance Plan. Employee also acknowledges and agrees that the payment in <u>Section 2(b)</u> may be paid by the Company to Employee prior to the end of the Release Revocation Period and, to the extent such payment is made but this Agreement is not signed by Employee or is signed and subsequently revoked by Employee in accordance with <u>Section 5</u>, Employee shall be required to return the full amount of the payment in <u>Section 2(b)</u> to the Company. Employee acknowledges that as of the Separation Date, Employee will automatically forfeit all unvested restricted stock units and performance share units and such awards shall terminate automatically and without any further action by the Company and at no cost to the Company. Employee further acknowledges that he is aware of the ongoing obligations he will have under the Parent's Insider Trading Policy, applicable securities laws and any other applicable requirements related to any trading in the Parent's securities.

3. <u>Complete Release of Claims</u>.

(a) In exchange for the consideration received by Employee pursuant to <u>Sections 2(a)</u> and (b), which consideration Employee was not entitled to but for Employee's entry into this Agreement, Employee hereby releases, discharges and forever acquits the Company, Parent, and their respective Affiliates (as defined below) and subsidiaries, and each of the foregoing entities' respective past, present and future members, partners (including general partners and limited partners), directors, trustees, officers, managers, employees, agents, attorneys, heirs, legal representatives, insurers, benefit plans (and their fiduciaries, administrators and trustees), and the successors and assigns of the foregoing, in their personal and representative capacities (collectively, the "*Company Parties*"), from liability for, and hereby waives, any and all claims, damages, or causes of action of any kind related to Employee's ownership of any interest in any Company Party, Employee's employment with any Company Party, the termination of such employment, and any other acts or omissions related to any matter occurring on or prior to the date that Employee executes this Agreement, including (i) any

alleged violation through such date of: (A) any federal, state or local anti-discrimination law or anti-retaliation law, regulation or ordinance including Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended, the Civil Rights Act of 1991, Sections 1981 through 1988 of Title 42 of the United States Code, as amended and the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, as amended; (B) the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended; (C) the Immigration Reform Control Act, as amended; (D) the National Labor Relations Act, as amended; (E) the Occupational Safety and Health Act, as amended; (F) the Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993; (G) the Texas Labor Code (specifically including the Texas Payday Law, the Texas Anti-Retaliation Act, Chapter 21 of the Texas Labor Code, and the Texas Whistleblower Act); (H) any federal, state or local wage and hour law; (I) the Age Discrimination in Employment Act of 1967 (including as amended by the Older Workers Benefit Protection Act); (J) any other local, state or federal law, regulation or ordinance; or (K) any public policy, contract, tort, or common law claim; (ii) any allegation for costs, fees, or other expenses including attorneys' fees incurred in or with respect to a Released Claim; (iii) any and all rights, benefits or claims Employee may have under any employment contract, severance plan, incentive compensation plan, or equity based plan with any Company Party (including any award agreement) or to any ownership interest in any Company Party, including the 2020 Plan and the Severance Plan; and (iv) any claim for compensation or benefits of any kind not expressly set forth in this Agreement (collectively, the "Released Claims"). This Agreement is not intended to indicate that any such claims exist or that, if they do exist, they are meritorious. Rather, Employee is simply agreeing that, in exchange for any consideration received by him pursuant to Section 2, any and all potential claims of this nature that Employee may have against the Company Parties, regardless of whether they actually exist, are expressly settled, compromised and waived. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Released Claims do not include (I) any rights to indemnification, advancement of expenses incurred in connection with the same, or directors' and officers' liability insurance coverage that Employee has under Delaware law, the charter, bylaws, other organizational documents and insurance policies of any Company Party or any agreement with any Company Party; and (II) any rights to enforce the terms of this Agreement, including those in Section 2 of this Agreement. THIS RELEASE INCLUDES MATTERS ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE SOLE OR PARTIAL NEGLIGENCE (WHETHER GROSS OR SIMPLE) OR OTHER FAULT, INCLUDING STRICT LIABILITY, OF ANY OF THE COMPANY PARTIES.

Notwithstanding this release of liability, nothing in this Agreement prevents Employee from filing any non-legally waivable claim (including a challenge to the validity of this Agreement) with the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission ("*EEOC*") or comparable state or local agency or participating in (or cooperating with) any investigation or proceeding conducted by the EEOC or comparable state or local agency or cooperating in any such investigation or proceeding; however, Employee understands and agrees that Employee is waiving any and all rights to recover any monetary or personal relief or recovery from a Company Party as a result of such EEOC or comparable state or local agency or proceeding or subsequent legal actions. Further, nothing in this Agreement prohibits or restricts Employee from filing a charge or complaint with, or cooperating in any investigation with, the Securities and Exchange Commission, the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, or any other securities regulatory agency or authority (each, a "*Government Agency*"). This Agreement does not limit Employee's right to receive an award for information provided to a Government Agency.

Further, in no event shall the Released Claims include (i) any claim which arises after the date that this Agreement is executed by Employee or (ii) any claim to vested benefits under an employee benefit plan. Finally, the Released Claims shall not include the Company's obligations or Employee's rights under the Indemnification Agreement dated October 4, 2019 between the Company and Employee, which shall continue in full force and effect notwithstanding the execution of this Agreement.

For purposes of this Agreement, "*Affiliate*" shall mean, with respect to any Person (as defined below), any other Person directly or indirectly controlling, controlled by, or under common control with, such Person where "control" shall have the meaning given such term under Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended from time to time. For purposes of this Agreement, "*Person*" shall mean any individual, natural person, corporation (including any non-profit corporation), general partnership, limited partnership, limited liability partnership, joint venture, estate, trust, company (including any company limited by shares, limited liability company, or joint stock company), incorporated or unincorporated association, governmental authority, firm, society or other enterprise, organization, or other entity of any nature.

(b) Employee hereby represents and warrants that, except for any claims reported to the Securities and Exchange Commission, as of the time Employee executes this Agreement, Employee has not brought or joined any lawsuit or filed any charge or claim against any of the Company Parties in any court or before any Government Agency or arbitrator for or with respect to a matter, claim, or incident that occurred or arose out of one or more occurrences that took place on or prior to the time at which Employee signs this Agreement. Employee warrants and represents that (i) he is the sole owner of each and every claim, cause of action, and right compromised, settled, released or assigned pursuant to Section 3 of this Agreement and has not previously assigned, sold, transferred, conveyed, or encumbered same; (ii) he has the full right, power, capacity, and authority to enter into and execute this Agreement; and (iii) he fully understands this Agreement releases any and all past claims regardless of whether he is now aware of such claims.

4. <u>Employee's Representations</u>.

(a) Employee represents that Employee has received all leaves (paid and unpaid) that Employee was owed or could be owed by the Company as of the date that Employee executes this Agreement. Employee further represents that (with the exception of any unpaid base salary and benefits earned in the pay period in which the Separation Date occurred, if still unpaid) Employee has received all wages, bonuses and other compensation, been provided all benefits and been afforded all rights and been paid all sums that Employee is owed or has been owed by the Company or any other Company Party, including all payments arising out of all incentive plans and any other bonus arrangements.

- (b) By executing and delivering this Agreement, Employee expressly acknowledges that:
 - (i) Employee has carefully read this Agreement;

(ii) No material changes have been made to this Agreement since it was first provided to Employee and Employee has had at least 21 days to consider this Agreement before the execution and delivery hereof to Company;

(iii) Employee is receiving, pursuant to this Agreement, consideration in addition to anything of value to which he is already entitled, and Employee is not otherwise entitled to such additional consideration as set forth in this Agreement, but for his entry into this Agreement;

(iv) Employee has been advised, and hereby is advised in writing, to discuss this Agreement with an attorney of Employee's choice and Employee has had an adequate opportunity to do so prior to executing this Agreement;

(v) Employee fully understands the final and binding effect of this Agreement; the only promises made to Employee to sign this Agreement are those stated herein; and Employee is signing this Agreement knowingly, voluntarily and of Employee's own free will, and that Employee understands and agrees to each of the terms of this Agreement;

(vi) The only matters relied upon by Employee and causing Employee to sign this Agreement are the provisions set forth in writing within the four corners of this Agreement; and

(vii) No Company Party has provided any tax or legal advice regarding this Agreement and Employee has had an adequate opportunity to receive sufficient tax and legal advice from advisors of Employee's own choosing such that Employee enters into this Agreement with full understanding of the tax and legal implications thereof.

(c) Other than matters previously disclosed to the board of directors of the Parent and outside auditors, Employee is not aware of any material act or omission on the part of any Company employee (including Employee), director (including directors of the Parent) or agent that may have violated any applicable law or regulation or otherwise exposed the Company or any other Company Party to any liability, whether criminal or civil, whether to any government, individual, shareholder or other entity.

5. <u>Revocation Right</u>. Notwithstanding the initial effectiveness of this Agreement, Employee may revoke the delivery (and therefore the effectiveness) of this Agreement within the seven-day period beginning on the date Employee executes this Agreement (such seven day period being referred to herein as the "*Release Revocation Period*"). To be effective, such revocation must be in writing signed by Employee and must be received by the Company, care of John J. Mitchell, ProPetro Holding Corp., P.O. Box 872, Midland, Texas 79702 and delivered via e-mail to jody.mitchell@propetroservices.com, before 11:59 p.m., central time, on the last day of the Release Revocation Period. If an effective revocation is delivered in the foregoing manner and timeframe, the release of claims set forth in <u>Section 3</u> above will be of no force or effect, Employee will not receive the consideration set forth in <u>Section 2</u> above, and the remainder of this Agreement will be in full force and effect.

6. Affirmation of Restrictive Covenants. Employee acknowledges and agrees that he has continuing obligations to the Parent and each of its Affiliates, including obligations with respect to confidentiality, non-competition, non-solicitation, and non-disparagement, pursuant to the award agreements documenting each of the performance share units granted on each of February 16, 2022, February 1, 2023 and February 28, 2024 to Employee under the 2020 Plan (the "*PSUs*") and the restricted stock units granted on February 16, 2022, February 1, 2023 and February 28, 2024 to Employee under the 2020 Plan (the "*RSUs*"). In entering into this Agreement, Employee specifically acknowledges the validity, binding effect, and enforceability of Section 7 of the award agreements documenting the RSUs and PSUs granted under the 2020 Plan, in each case, as clarified by the following sentence. The Parent acknowledges and agrees that the only business activities restricted by the non-competition covenants set forth in the award agreements documenting the RSUs and the PSUs are those activities relating to pressure pumping, cementing and wireline in the oilfield services industry (the "*Restricted Services*"). For the avoidance of doubt, Employee's involvement with any exploration and production company or other oilfield services company that does not provide such Restricted Services shall not constitute a violation of any continuing obligations.

7. **Non-Disparagement**. Employee shall refrain from publishing any oral or written statements about the Company or any Company Party that (a) are slanderous, libelous, or defamatory, (b) disclose confidential information of or regarding the Company's or any Company Party's business affairs, directors, officers, managers, members, employees, consultants, agents, or representatives, or (c) place the Company, any Company Party, or any of their respective directors, officers, managers, members, employees, consultants, agents, or representatives in a false light before the public. Nothing herein limits Employee from cooperating with any investigation by any Government Agency or from making any disclosure required by applicable law or legal process.

8. **No Waiver**. No failure by any Party hereto at any time to give notice of any breach by any other Party of, or to require compliance with, any condition or provision of this Agreement shall be deemed a waiver of similar or dissimilar provisions or conditions at the same or at any prior or subsequent time.

9. <u>Applicable Law</u>. This Agreement is entered into under, and shall be governed for all purposes by, the laws of the State of Texas without reference to the principles of conflicts of law thereof.

10. <u>Severability</u>. To the extent permitted by applicable law, the Parties agree that any term or provision (or part thereof) of this Agreement that renders such term or provision (or part thereof) or any other term or provision of this Agreement (or part thereof) invalid or unenforceable in any respect shall be modified to the extent necessary to avoid rendering such term or provision (or part thereof) invalid or unenforceable, and such modification shall be accomplished in the manner that most nearly preserves the benefit of the Parties' bargain hereunder.

11. <u>Withholding of Taxes and Other Employee Deductions</u>. The Company may withhold from any payments made pursuant to <u>Section 2</u> hereof all federal, state, local, and other

taxes and withholdings as may be required pursuant to any law or governmental regulation or ruling.

12. **Arbitration**. Any dispute or controversy based on, arising under or relating to this Agreement shall be settled exclusively by final and binding arbitration, conducted before a single neutral arbitrator in Houston, Texas in accordance with the Employment Arbitration Rules and Mediation Procedures of the American Arbitration Association (the "*AAA*") then in effect. Arbitration may be compelled, and judgment may be entered on the arbitration award in any court having jurisdiction; provided, however, that the Company shall be entitled to seek a restraining order or injunction in any court of competent jurisdiction to prevent any continuation of any violation of the provisions of (a) Section 7 of the award agreements documenting the RSUs and PSUs that, in each case were granted to Employee under the 2020 Plan or (b) Section 7 of this Agreement, and Employee hereby consents that such restraining order or injunction may be granted without requiring the Company to post a bond. Only individuals who are (i) lawyers engaged full-time in the practice of law and (ii) on the AAA roster of arbitrators shall be selected as an arbitrator. Within 20 days of the conclusion of the arbitration hearing, the arbitrator shall prepare written findings of fact and conclusions of law. Each party shall bear its own costs and attorneys' fees in connection with an arbitration; provided that the Company shall bear the cost of the arbitrator and the AAA's administrative fees. Further notwithstanding the foregoing, if any Dispute or any element thereof cannot, as a matter of law, be subject to arbitration pursuant to this Section 12, then (i) such non-arbitrable element(s) of such Dispute shall be severable from the arbitration procedure set forth in this Section 12.

13. <u>Continued Cooperation</u>. Following the Separation Date, Employee will provide the Company and, as applicable, the other Company Parties, with assistance, when reasonably requested by the Company, with respect to any matters related to Employee's job responsibilities and otherwise providing information Employee obtained during the provision of the duties Employee performed for the Company and the other Company Parties, subject to reimbursement of Employee's reasonable expenses incurred in complying with such requests for assistance.

14. **Counterparts**. This Agreement may be executed in one or more counterparts (including portable document format (.pdf) and facsimile counterparts), each of which shall be deemed to be an original, but all of which together will constitute one and the same Agreement.

15. <u>Third-Party Beneficiaries</u>. This Agreement shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the Company and each other Company Party that is not a signatory hereto, as each other Company Party that is not a signatory hereto shall be a third-party beneficiary of Employee's release of claims, representations and covenants set forth in this Agreement.

16. <u>Section 409A</u>. Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary: (a) Employee's termination of employment on the Separation Date is intended to constitute a "separation from service" within the meaning of Section 1.409A-1(h) of the Department of Treasury Regulations and (b) this Agreement is intended to comply with Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and the applicable Treasury regulations and administrative guidance issued thereunder (collectively, "*Section 409A*"), including the exceptions thereto, and shall be

construed and administered in accordance with such intent. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, payments provided under this Agreement may only be made upon an event and in a manner that complies with Section 409A or an applicable exemption. Any payments under this Agreement that may be excluded from Section 409A either as separation pay due to an involuntary separation from service, as a short-term deferral, or otherwise shall be excluded from Section 409A to the maximum extent possible. For purposes of Section 409A, the installment payments provided under this Agreement shall each be treated as a separate payment. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Company makes no representations that the payments and benefits provided under this Agreement are compliant with Section 409A, and in no event shall Employee be reimbursed by the Company for all or any portion of any taxes, penalties, interest, or other expenses that may be incurred by Employee on account of non-compliance with Section 409A.

17. <u>Amendment; Entire Agreement</u>. This Agreement may not be changed orally but only by an agreement in writing agreed to and signed by Employee and the Company. This Agreement constitutes the entire agreement of the Parties with regard to the subject matters hereof. Notwithstanding the foregoing, this Agreement complements (and does not supersede or replace) any other agreements between the Company or any of its Affiliates and Employee that impose restrictions on Employee with regard to confidentiality, non-competition, non-solicitation, or non-disparagement (including the award agreements referenced in Section 6 above).

There are no oral agreements between Employee and the Company. No promises or inducements have been offered except as set forth in this Agreement. Employee and the Company acknowledge that, in executing this Agreement, neither Party has relied upon any representations or warranties of any other Party. No promise or agreement which is not expressed in this Agreement has been made by the Company to Employee or by Employee to the Company in executing this Agreement. Each Party agrees that any omissions of fact concerning the matters covered by this Agreement are of no consequence in the decision to execute this Agreement.

18. Interpretation. The section headings in this Agreement have been inserted for purposes of convenience and shall not be used for interpretive purposes. The words "herein", "hereof", "hereunder," and words of similar import, when used in this Agreement shall refer to this Agreement as a whole and not to any particular provision of this Agreement. The use herein of the word "including" following any general statement, term, or matter shall not be construed to limit such statement, term, or matter to the specific items or matters set forth immediately following such word or to similar items, or matters, whether or not non-limiting language (such as "without limitation", "but not limited to", or words of similar import) is used with reference thereto, but rather shall be deemed to refer to all other items or matters that could reasonably fall within the broadest possible scope of such general statement, term or matter. The word "or" as used herein is not exclusive and is deemed to have the meaning "and/or." References in this Agreement to any agreement, instrument, or other document mean such agreement, instrument, or other document as amended, supplemented, and modified from time to time to the extent permitted by the provisions thereof and not prohibited by this Agreement. No provision,

uncertainty or ambiguity in or with respect to this Agreement shall be construed or resolved against any Party hereto, whether under any rule of construction or otherwise. On the contrary, this Agreement has been reviewed by each of the Parties hereto and shall be construed and interpreted according to the ordinary meaning of the words used so as to fairly accomplish the purposes and intentions of the Parties.

19. **Return of Property**. Employee acknowledges and agrees that he will return to the Company all documents, files (including electronically stored information), and other materials constituting or reflecting confidential or proprietary information of the Company or any other Company Party, and any other property belonging to the Company or any other Company Party, including all computer files, electronically stored information, and other materials, and Employee shall not maintain a copy of any such materials in any form.

20. <u>Assignment</u>. This Agreement is personal to Employee and may not be assigned by Employee. The Company may assign its rights and obligations under this Agreement without Employee's consent, including to any other Company Party and to any successor (whether by merger, purchase, or otherwise) to all or substantially all of the equity, assets, or businesses of the Company.

[Signatures begin on the following page]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Parties have executed this Agreement as of the date(s) set forth beneath their signatures below.

PROPETRO SERVICES INC.

By: <u>/s/ Samuel D. Sledge</u> Name: Samuel D. Sledge Title: Chief Executive Officer

Date: March 12, 2025

With respect to <u>Section 6</u> only:

PROPETRO HOLDING CORP.

By: <u>/s/ Samuel D. Sledge</u> Name: Samuel D. Sledge Title: Chief Executive Officer

Date: March 12, 2025

DAVID S. SCHORLEMER

/s/ David S. Schorlemer David S. Schorlemer

Date: March 4, 2025

Signature Page to Separation and Release Agreement

CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER PURSUANT TO EXCHANGE ACT RULES 13a-14(a) AND 15d-14(a), AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Samuel D. Sledge, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of ProPetro Holding Corp.;
- Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Dated: May 1, 2025

/s/ Samuel D. Sledge

Samuel D. Sledge Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF ACCOUNTING OFFICER PURSUANT TO EXCHANGE ACT RULES 13a-14(a) AND 15d-14(a), AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Celina A. Davila, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of ProPetro Holding Corp.;
- Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Dated: May 1, 2025

/s/ Celina A. Davila

Celina A. Davila Chief Accounting Officer (Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of ProPetro Holding Corp. (the "Company"), for the period ended March 31, 2025, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Samuel D. Sledge, Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to my knowledge:

(1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and

(2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Dated: May 1, 2025

<u>/s/ Samuel D. Sledge</u> Samuel D. Sledge Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF ACCOUNTING OFFICER PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of ProPetro Holding Corp. (the "Company"), for the period ended March 31, 2025, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Celina A. Davila, Chief Accounting Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to my knowledge:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Dated: May 1, 2025

<u>/s/ Celina A. Davila</u> Celina A. Davila Chief Accounting Officer (Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)